

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2022

OFFICIALS ISSUING REPORT

Bill Foley City Manager

Michelle Pack Assistant City Manager



CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

City of Terrell Hills

5100 N. NEW BRAUNFELS SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78209 (210) 824-7401 • FAX (210) 822-2297

April 3, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and the Citizens of the City of Terrell Hills:

State law requires that local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (US GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Terrell Hills for the Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Terrell Hills. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Terrell Hills has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Terrell Hills' financial statements in conformity with US GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Terrell Hills comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Terrell Hills' financial statements have been audited by Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates P.C. a firm of licensed professional certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Terrell Hills for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Terrell Hills' financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with US GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Terrell Hills' MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Terrell Hills, incorporated in 1939, is located in the central part of Texas, The City of Terrell Hills currently occupies a land area of 1.6 square miles with a population of 5,037 in 2022. The City of Terrell Hills is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The City of Terrell Hills has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1957. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of the mayor and 4 other members. The City Council is responsible for establishing public policy on City matters by the passage of appropriate ordinances and resolutions. The City Manager is responsible for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, implementing policy established by City Council, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve two-year staggered terms, with two council members elected every two years. The mayor is elected to serve a two-year term every two years. The mayor and all four council members are elected at large.

The City of Terrell Hills provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, garbage and recycle collection, and the maintenance of streets.

The annual budget and five-year forecast serve as the foundation for the City of Terrell Hills' financial planning and control. All city departments are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager by August of each year. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents the proposed budget to the council for review before September 1st. The council then holds public hearings and community meetings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by December 31st. The fiscal year for Terrell Hills is from January 1 through December 31. The appropriated budget is prepared by each department (e.g. police). Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. The City Manager may make transfers between departments and funds with City Council approval. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on page 42 as part of the required supplementary information.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Terrell Hills operates.

Local economy. The City of Terrell Hills enjoys a favorable economic environment and leading indicators point to continued growth. In December 2022, the unemployment rate was 3.9%. While an increase from recent years, the unemployment rate is better than the national average. Within the City limits, the labor market includes a workforce of approximately 3,700 well trained workers.

The City of Terrell Hills is a primarily residential community with very little commercial activity. There is a small, steady stream of revenue from sales tax of a few local businesses and deliveries to homes.

Long-term financial planning. The community approved bond propositions in November 2010 for improvements to streets and infrastructure, and for a new City Hall Complex. The City annually funds the capital projects fund (for street improvements) and the equipment replacement fund. The City's plan is to use these annual transfers to build up funds for future capital needs, limiting the need for bonds in the future.

Financial Information

Internal Control. Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to provide adequate accounting information compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of an internal control should not exceed the benefits derived from the internal control. The City utilizes financial accounting software which is designed with a system of internal controls. These controls are continually being reevaluated to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurances.

Budget Controls. The City also utilizes budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with the adopted budget approved by the City Council as mandated by the city charter and state law. Activities of all funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the department level. However, budgetary accounting is maintained on a line-item basis.

Other Financial Information:

Independent Audit. An independent audit is performed every year of the general ledger, accounts, financial records, and transactions of all city departments. The audit is completed by an independent certified public accounting firm selected by the City Council. The City is in compliance with this requirement and the independent auditor's report by Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants, has been included in this report.

Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Terrell Hills for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. This was the sixth year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is for a period of one year only. We believe our current annual comprehensive financial report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the finance department. We would like to express our appreciation to all staff who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

In addition, without the assistance of each and every department head on staff, we would have none of the successes we've enjoyed. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support for the City Manager and staff.

Respectfully submitted,

Well S. Jelo 2V

William Foley

City Manager

Michelle Pack

Assistant City Manager

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CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

CITY OFFICIALS

MAYOR JOHN LOW

MAYOR PRO-TEM EMMY BALLANTYNE

CITY COUNCIL KATE LANFEAR

BILL MITCHELL PETER MAKO

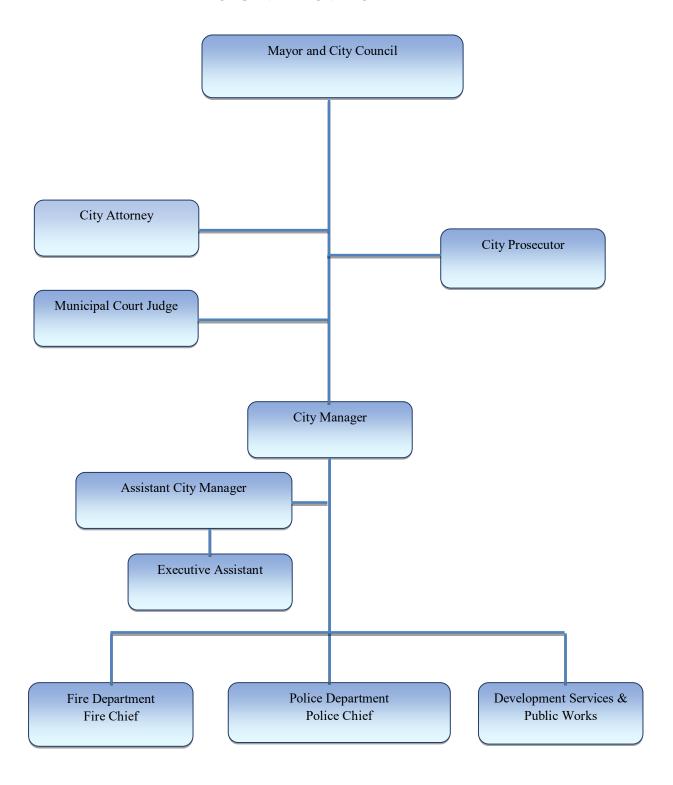
CITY MANAGER BILL FOLEY

ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER MICHELLE PACK

CITY ATTORNEY FRANK GARZA

DAVIDSON, TROILO, REAM & GARZA

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Terrell Hills Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION



Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Terrell Hills, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Terrell Hills, as of December 31, 2022, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Terrell Hills' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Terrell Hills, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of City of Terrell Hills and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City of Terrell Hills' management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Terrell Hills' ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Terrell Hills' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Terrell Hills' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule, schedule of changes – net pension liability, schedule of employer pension contributions and schedule of changes – total other postemployment benefit liability, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Terrell Hills' basic financial statements. The individual fund statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund statements are the responsibility of management and are derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the transmittal letter and statistical section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vauspan & Associates, P.C.

April 3, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Terrell Hills, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Terrell Hills for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Terrell Hills exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$17.0 million (net position). Of this amount, \$7.5 million is unrestricted for the City's ongoing operations.

During the year, the City's expenses were \$2.2 million less than the \$8.9 million generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities. The total cost of the City's programs increased 3.1% from the prior year. Minimal program changes were made for the 2022 year.

The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$6.7 million, an increase of \$1.2 million. Several departments were well under budget for the year and revenues beat expectations, particularly property taxes and permits. The City also utilized a portion of the American Rescue Plan grant funds in 2022 to replace lost revenues.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Terrell Hills is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Terrell Hills that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Terrell Hills include public safety, public works and general administration. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees and charges for services finance most of these activities. The City does not currently have any business-type activities.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Terrell Hills, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City has only one kind of fund: governmental.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Terrell Hills maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the capital projects fund, the debt service fund, equipment replacement fund, and ARPA grant fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. The Police Forfeiture fund is considered to be a non-major fund.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's general fund budgetary schedule. The City of Terrell Hills adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Terrell Hills, the total of assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded the total of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$17.0 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the City's total net position (49%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, plus bond proceeds that have not yet been spent. The City of Terrell Hills uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for operational type of future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's total net position (7.2%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$7.5 million, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Terrell Hills is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position. Overall, the Government's financial position has increased from the prior year.

Table A-1City of Terrell Hills Net Position

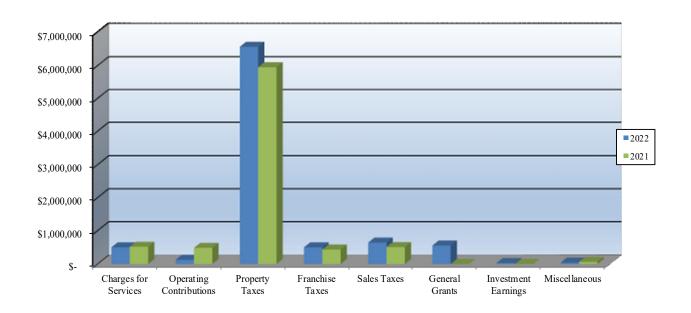
	Governr	Percentage	
	Activ	ities	Change
	2022	2021	2022-2021
Assets:			
Cash and Investments	\$ 8,104,777	\$ 7,232,354	12.1%
Receivables	3,459,643	3,838,928	-9.9%
Prepaids and Other Assets	492,065	567,910	-13.4%
Capital Assets (Net)	14,484,263	12,894,605	12.3%
Total Assets	26,540,748	24,533,797	8.2%
Deferred Outflows:	1,049,175	874,179	20.0%
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities	2,154,457	1,552,299	38.8%
Long-Term Liabilities	7,449,340	8,679,662	-14.2%
Total Liabilities	9,603,797	10,231,961	-6.1%
Deferred Inflows:	996,091	405,902	145.4%
Net Position:			
Net Investment in capital assets	8,308,443	6,163,201	34.8%
Restricted	1,223,107	1,249,226	-2.1%
Unrestricted	7,458,485	7,357,686	1.4%
Total Net Position	\$ 16,990,035	\$ 14,770,113	15.0%

Governmental activities expenses increased 3.1%, primarily from cost of living and longevity adjustments for employees. Revenues increased from primarily higher property tax values and the American Rescue Plan grant. The following table indicates changes in net position for governmental activities and is followed by graphs displaying total revenues and expenses by type.

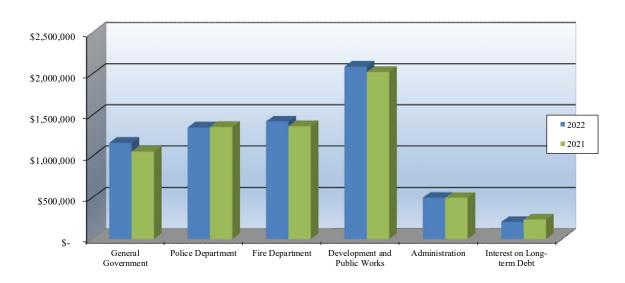
Table A-2
Changes in City of Terrell Hills Net Position

	Govern	Percentage	
	Activ	Change	
	2022	2021	2022-2021
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 497,110	\$ 513,199	-3.1%
Operating Contributions	123,193	482,093	-74.4%
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	6,558,592	5,946,932	10.3%
Franchise Taxes	496,734	432,083	15.0%
Sales Taxes	639,511	505,102	26.6%
General Grants	551,265	-	100.0%
Investment Earnings	28,285	2,808	907.3%
Miscellaneous	42,578	63,316	-32.8%
Total Revenues	8,937,268	7,945,533	12.5%
General Government	1,163,679	1,054,135	10.4%
Police Department	1,345,351	1,351,156	-0.4%
Fire Department	1,419,690	1,360,151	4.4%
Development and Public Works	2,086,485	2,021,428	3.2%
Administration	497,330	495,781	0.3%
Interest on Long-term Debt	204,811	234,355	-12.6%
Total Expenses	6,717,346 6,517,006		3.1%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	2,219,922	1,428,527	55.4%
Net Position at Beginning of Year	14,770,113	13,341,586	10.7%
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 16,990,035	\$ 14,770,113	15.0%

TOTAL REVENUES-GOVERNMENT-WIDE



TOTAL EXPENSES-GOVERNMENT-WIDE

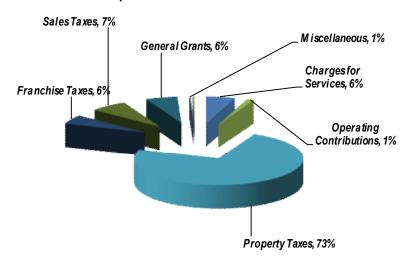


General Grants increased in 2022 as the City received significant federal coronavirus funding. These funds were used to provide additional equipment and resources to improve the police and fire departments. A portion was also used to replace lost revenues.

Expenses were comparable to the prior year as the City made no significant changes to government services.

Revenues-Governmental Activities (Continued)

Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Terrell Hills uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9.7 million. Of this total amount, \$6.7 million constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, or committed to indicate that it is set aside for specific purposes (debt service, police, street maintenance, and equipment replacement).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Terrell Hills. At the end of the current fiscal year, balance of the general fund increased \$1.2 million from cost saving measures in most departments and better than expected revenues. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 123% of total general fund expenditures, not including capital.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$706 thousand all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the debt service fund was \$19 thousand.

The capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$975 thousand. The City is continuing work on the 2021 street projects. The equipment replacement fund has a total fund balance of \$831 thousand. The City has scheduled out replacements of vehicles and equipment. Contributions are being made from the general fund so that resources will be available to replace equipment according to the cycle.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General Fund revenues exceeded the budget by \$1.5 million as a result of sales tax revenues exceeding expectations and the utilization of American Rescue Plan funds to replace lost revenue. Property tax collections were also higher than the conservative budget expected. The General Fund expenditures were \$259 thousand less than the \$5.8 million budget. This was the result of cost savings across the General Fund. Overall, the fund balance increased \$1.2 million compared to a budgeted decrease of \$550,000.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. At the end of 2022 the City had invested \$29.7 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. Significant additions in 2022 include several vehicles and work on the 2021 street project (see Table A-3). More information about the City's capital assets is presented in Notes A10 and E, pages 25 and 30.

Table A-3City's Capital Assets

	Govern	Percentage	
	Activ	vities	Change
	2022	2021	2022-2021
Land	\$ 641,149	\$ 641,149	0.0%
Construction in Progress	2,654,260	125,117	2021.4%
Buildings	4,703,193	4,703,193	0.0%
Vehicles and Equipment	1,801,999	1,644,416	9.6%
Infrastructure	19,793,944	19,793,944	0.0%
Furniture and Fixtures	154,333 154,333		0.0%
Totals at Historical Cost	29,748,878 27,062,152		9.9%
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(15,264,615)	(14,167,547)	7.7%
Net Capital Assets	\$ 14,484,263	\$ 12,894,605	12.3%

Long-Term Debt. At year-end, the City had \$6.5 million in bonds outstanding as shown in Table A-4. No new debt was issued in 2022. More detailed information about the City's debt is presented in Notes A14 and G, pages 26 and 31.

Table A-4City's Long Term Debt

	Govern	Percentage	
	Activ	Change	
	2022	2022-2021	
Bonds Payable	\$ 6,456,726	\$ 7,085,837	-8.9%
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 6,456,726	\$ 7,085,837	-8.9%

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The 2023 budget was prepared with an estimated assessed taxable value increase of 9.48% over the 2022 assessed taxable value. The property tax rate for 2023 is estimated to be the same (\$0.369784), but it will not be set until mid-year. General fund revenues are expected to increase to \$7.3 million in the 2023 budget. General fund expenditures are expected to increase to \$6.4 million, primarily due to the salary and personnel changes. Transfers of \$1,150,000 are budgeted in 2023 to save for future equipment replacement and street projects.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the City of Terrell Hills citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Manager by phone at 210-824-7401.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental	
	Activities	
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,104,777	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		
Property Taxes	3,285,595	
Sales and Franchise Taxes	174,048	
Prepaid Expenses	1,002	
Restricted Cash - Police Department	491,063	
Total Current Assets	12,056,485	
Noncurrent Assets:		
Land	641,149	
Construction in Progress	2,654,260	
Buildings, Infrastructure, and Equipment (net)	11,188,854	
Total Noncurrent Assets	14,484,263	
TOTAL ASSETS	26,540,748	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
Deferred Loss on Debt Refunding	280,906	
Deferred OPEB Related Outflows	45,616	
Deferred Pension Related Outflows	722,653	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$ 1,049,175	

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$ 493,385	
Accrued Vacation Payable	150,735	
Accrued Interest Payable	80,842	
Unearned Grant Revenue	776,966	
Bond Payable - Due within One Year	652,529	
Total Current Liabilities	2,154,457	
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net Pension Liability	1,440,593	
Total Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability	204,550	
Bond Payable - Due in more than One Year	5,804,197	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,449,340	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	9,603,797	
DEFERRED INFLOWS		
Deferred Pension Related Inflows	979,122	
Deferred OPEB Related Inflows	16,969	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	996,091	
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,308,443	
Restricted for Debt Service	732,044	
Restricted for Police Department	491,063	
Unrestricted	7,458,485	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 16,990,035	



CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

							Net Revenue
							(Expense) and
							Changes in
				Program	Reve	nues	Net Position
							Primary
					O	perating	Government
			Ch	arges for	Gı	ants and	Governmental
Functions and Programs	I	Expenses	S	Services	Con	ntributions	Activities
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$	1,163,679	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (1,163,679)
Police Department		1,345,351		6,853		123,193	(1,215,305)
Fire Department		1,419,690		· -		· -	(1,419,690)
Development and Public Works		2,086,485		490,257		-	(1,596,228)
Administration		497,330		-		-	(497,330)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		204,811					(204,811)
Total Governmental Activities		6,717,346		497,110		123,193	(6,097,043)
Total Government	\$	6,717,346	\$	497,110	\$	123,193	(6,097,043)
General Revenues:							
Taxes:							
General Property Taxes							6,558,592
Franchise Taxes							496,734
Sales Taxes							639,511
General Grants							551,265
Interest and Investment Earnings							28,285
Miscellaneous							42,578
Total General Revenues							8,316,965
Change in Net Position							2,219,922
Net Position at Beginning of Year							14,770,113
Net Position at End of Year							\$ 16,990,035

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

			M	ajor Funds		
		G 1		Capital		
	General Fund			Projects Fund	De	bt Service Fund
ASSETS		Tullu	-	Tuna	-	runa
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,670,690	\$	1,405,514	\$	421,100
Receivables:	Ψ	1,070,050	Ψ	1,100,011	Ψ	.21,100
Property Taxes (Net of Uncollectibles)		2,893,808		_		391,786
Sales and Franchise Taxes Receivable		158,120		15,928		371,700
Prepaid Items		1,002		13,520		_
1 Tepaki Tems		1,002				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,723,620	\$	1,421,442	\$	812,886
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	S					
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	46,903	\$	446,482	\$	-
Accrued Vacation Payable		150,735		-		-
Unearned Revenue		_				-
Total Liabilities		197,638		446,482		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue		797,647	-	-		106,942
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Items		1,002		-		-
Restricted for:						
Debt Service		-		-		705,944
Police Department		-		-		-
Committed for:						
Street Improvements		-		974,960		-
Equipment Replacement		-		-		-
Unassigned		6,727,333				-
Total Fund Balances		6,728,335		974,960		705,944
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED						
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND						
FUND BALANCES						

		1 una			omiajor		
E	quipment						Total
Rej	Replacement		ARPA		Police		overnmental
	Fund		Fund	F	orfeiture		Funds
		•					
\$	830,507	\$	776,966	\$	491,063	\$	8,595,840
	_		-		-		3,285,594
	_		_		_		174,048
	_		_		_		1,002
		-		-			/
\$	830,507	\$	776,966	\$	491,063	\$	12,056,484
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	493,385
	-		-		-		150,735
			776,966				776,966
			776,966				2,198,052
							904,589
	-		-		-		1,002
	-		-		-		705,944
	-		-		491,063		491,063
							074.060
	920.507		-		-		974,960
	830,507		-		-		830,507
	-			-	401.062		6,727,333
	830,507				491,063		9,730,809
\$	820 507	¢	776 066	•	401 062	C	12 056 494
Φ	830,507	\$	776,966	\$	491,063	\$	12,056,484

Nonmajor

Major Fund



CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 9,730,809
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Posi are different because:	tion	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources a	ind,	
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		14,484,264
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expendit	ures	
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Property Taxes Receivable not Collected within 60 Days		904,589
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and capital lease payables are not due		
and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the		
governmental funds.		
Bonds Payable	(6,250,000)	
Deferred Loss on Debt Refunding	280,906	
Unamortized Premiums	(206,726)	(6,175,820)
Net pension liabilities (and related deferred outflows and inflows of resource	ces) do not	
consume current financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	,	
Net Pension Liability	(1,440,593)	
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	722,653	
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	(979,122)	(1,697,062)
Total other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liabilities (and related deferred	d	
outflows and inflows of resources) do not consume current financial reso		
and are not reported in the funds.		
Total OPEB Liability	(204,550)	
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows	45,616	
OPEB Related Deferred Inflows	(16,969)	(175,903)
	,	
Accrued interest payable on long-term-bonds is not due and payable in the	current	(00.040)
period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.		(80,842)
TOTAL NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 16,990,035

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Major Funds			
	Capital		Debt	
	General	Projects	Service	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	
REVENUES				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 5,807,455	\$ -	\$ 788,367	
Sales Tax	511,609	127,902	-	
Franchise Tax	496,734	-	-	
Charges for Services	490,257	-	-	
Grants	434,188	-	-	
Fines and Forfeitures	6,853	-	-	
Other	48,864			
TOTAL REVENUES	7,795,960	127,902	788,367	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	1,153,881	-	-	
Police Department	1,294,055	-	-	
Fire Department	1,452,776	-	-	
Development and Public Works	1,170,011	-	-	
Administration	413,699	-	-	
Capital Outlay	13,772	1,764,287	-	
Debt Service:	ŕ			
Principal	-	-	575,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	194,770	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,498,194	1,764,287	769,770	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,297,766	(1,636,385)	18,597	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)			
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	
Transfers In (Out)	(1,059,000)	900,000	-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	(1,059,000)	900,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,238,766	(736,385)	18,597	
FUND BALANCES - JANUARY 1	5,489,569	1,711,345	687,347	
FUND BALANCES - DECEMBER 31	\$ 6,728,335	\$ 974,960	\$ 705,944	

Ma	or Fund	Nonmajor		
Equipment Replacement Fund	ARPA Fund	Police Forfeiture	Total Governmental Funds	
\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - 117,077 - - 117,077	\$ - - - 123,193 - 123,193	\$ 6,595,822 639,511 496,734 490,257 551,265 130,046 48,864 8,952,499	
- - - - 795,431	- - - - 117,077	35,746 - - 133,862	1,153,881 1,329,801 1,452,776 1,170,011 413,699 2,824,429	
795,431	117,077	169,608	575,000 194,770 9,114,367	
(795,431)	<u> </u>	(46,415)	(161,868)	
22,000 159,000	- - <u>-</u>	-	22,000	
181,000			22,000	
(614,431)	-	(46,415)	(139,868)	
1,444,938		537,478	9,870,677	
\$ 830,507	\$ -	\$ 491,063	\$ 9,730,809	



CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ (139,868)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement o useful lives

So verialise report supriar success as experiences. Trove ver, in the		
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital Outlay	2,815,470	
Depreciation	(1,225,812)	1,589,658
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(37,229)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt		

The issuance to governm consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the net effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities:

> Principal Payments 575,000

Governmental funds report required contributions to employee pensions and other other post employment benefits as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities the cost of these pensions are recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that contributions exceeded (or were exceeded by) the actuarially determined plan expenses.

Pension Plan	258,520	
Other Postemployment Benefits	(16,118)	242,402

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Amortization of Deferred Loss on Debt Refunding	(73,527)	
Amortization of Bond Premiums	54,111	
Change in Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt	9,375	(10,041)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$2,219,922

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

1. REPORTING ENTITY

In evaluating how to define the government for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" and GASB Statement 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus (an amendment of GASB 14). The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The City has no component units.

2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The **government-wide financial statements** include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the City. The effect of interfund transfers, if any, has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for governmental funds. The General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Equipment Replacement Fund, and Debt Service Fund meet the criteria of a *major governmental fund*. These funds are reflected in single columns in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue types, which have been accrued, are revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs and investment earnings.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue. Property taxes which were levied and collected within 60 days of the fiscal period are considered revenue. Taxes receivable but not collected within 60 days are used to finance the budget of the subsequent fiscal year and, accordingly, have been reflected as unavailable revenue (a deferred inflow of resources) and in the fund financial statements. Sales and franchise tax revenues are also susceptible to accrual if expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, sales tax, and franchise taxes. Primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, public facilities, municipal court and capital acquisition.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all funds collected and disbursed for the street improvements, municipal complex renovation, and other capital projects.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all funds collected and disbursed in the retirement of governmental debt.

The Equipment Replacement Fund is used to account for all funds collected for equipment repair and replacement for police, emergency services, and public works.

The ARPA Fund is used to account for resources received from the American Rescue Plan. The grant is refundable to the federal government if not spent in accordance with grant provisions. The City anticipates the funds will be used for mostly capital projects.

The City reports the Police Forfeiture Fund as a nonmajor governmental fund.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the City to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies, and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (e). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations.

Investments are stated at fair value (plus accrued interest) except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts (U.S. Treasuries) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Certain cash balances (such as debt service collections) are restricted for specific purposes. Unless that purpose is narrower than the purpose of the fund, cash is reported as unrestricted.

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1, become due October 1 and are past due after the following January 31. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the City. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by the court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as unearned revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

6. ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

Allowances have been established by management based on best available information for a variety of receivables. Allowances for uncollectible taxes in the General Fund and Debt Service Fund have been recorded in the amount of \$16,771 and \$3,728, respectively.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

7. PREPAID ITEMS/EXPENSES

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2022 are recorded under the consumption method. Payments in advance are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. These payments are reported as expenditures when the services or goods are consumed.

8. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. Any residual balances between funds have been eliminated in the government-wide statements.

9. BUDGET

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for all City funds, however only the General and Debt Service budgets are legally adopted. The budget is adopted on the GAAP basis of accounting. Additional budgetary information is provided in the required supplementary information.

10. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Infrastructure assets include City-owned streets, sidewalks, curbs and bridges. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value.

The Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property plant and equipment.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements

Drainage Improvements

Vehicles and Equipment

Streets

20 to 50 years
40 to 50 years
5 to 15 years
15 to 20 years

11. DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods while a deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods. These items are presented in separate sections following assets (deferred outflows) or liabilities (deferred inflows) on the statement of net position.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

12. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and fund statements consist of unpaid accumulated leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for employees who are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Vacation benefits expire annually on employee anniversary dates. Thus, all vacation balances are expected to consume current financial resources and are accrued on both the fund and government-wide statements. The liability for compensated absences is typically liquidated by the General Fund.

13. UNAVAILABLE REVENUE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenues not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as unavailable revenue (a deferred inflow of resources).

Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grant and reimbursement revenues, if any, received in advance of expenses/expenditures are reflected as unearned revenue.

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities in the statement of net position. On new bond issues, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bond. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

15. PENSIONS

The net pension liability, deferred inflows, and outflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), and additions to and deductions from TMRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

16. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The total other postemployment benefit liability of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) supplemental death benefit have been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions or deductions from the fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as the OPEB is a pay-as-you-go plan.

17. FUND EQUITY

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable - Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

Restricted - Represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Represents amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (adoption of an ordinance) of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (City Council). Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned - Represents amounts which the City intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. The City Council has authority to make assignments; In 2019, the council delegated to the City Manager and Assistant City Manager the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Such assignments cannot exceed the available fund balance in any particular fund.

Unassigned - Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the City. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount, as it is not appropriate in other governmental funds. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the City considers restricted balances spent first, committed second and assigned third.

18. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

19. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Legally authorized transfers, if any, are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of Governmental Funds.

20. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

21. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND ADOPTION OF NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

As of January 1, 2022, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 87 regarding leases (contracts that confer the right to use an asset). The City performed an evaluation of its significant contracts and found no leases at this time that would require changes in their treatment or disclosure.

NOTE B -- CASH AND INVESTMENTS

1. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledge securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. At December 31, 2022, all of the City's deposits were fully collateralized.

2. Investments

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area, conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements, disclosed that the City's investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies adhered to the requirements of the Act.

NOTE B -- CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The City had no investments as of December 31, 2022.

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and, if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

- a. Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.
- b. Concentration of Credit Risk The risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the City was not exposed to a concentration of credit risk.
- c. Interest Rate Risk This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk.
- d. Custodial Credit Risk Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. At year end, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE C -- PROPERTY TAXES

The City's property tax is levied and becomes collectible each October 1 based on the assessed values listed as of the prior January 1, which is the date a lien attaches to all taxable property in the City. Assessed values are established by the Bexar County Appraisal District. Assessed values are reduced by lawful exemptions to arrive at taxable values. The total taxable value as of January 01, 2022, upon which the fiscal 2022 levy was based was \$1.835 billion (i.e., market value less exemptions). The market value was \$1.766 billion, making the taxable value 96.2% of the estimated market value.

NOTE C -- PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The City is permitted by the Constitution of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for all governmental purposes. Pursuant to a decision of the Attorney General of the State of Texas, up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation may be used for the payment of long-term debt. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt, for the year ended December 31, 2022, was \$0.369784 per \$100 of assessed value, which means that the City has a tax margin of \$2.130216 for each \$100 of assessed value and could increase its annual levy by approximately \$37 million based upon present assessed valuation before the limit is reached. However, the City is generally limited to a 3.5% annual increase in the property tax rate for maintenance and operations without obtaining voter approval.

NOTE D – RESTRICTED CASH

Cash is reported as restricted when it has restrictions on its use narrower than the purpose of the fund in which it is reported. As of December 31, 2022, restricted cash consists of amounts for the police department from forfeiture activities.

NOTE E -- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Balances at		Transfers/	Balances at	
Governmental Activities	1/1/2022	Additions	Disposals	12/31/2022	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 641,149	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 641,149	
Construction in Progress	125,117	2,529,143		2,654,260	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	766,266	2,529,143		3,295,409	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	4,703,193	-	-	4,703,193	
Vehicles and Equipment	1,644,416	286,327	(128,744)	1,801,999	
Infrastructure	19,793,944	-	-	19,793,944	
Furniture and Fixtures	154,333	-	-	154,333	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	26,295,886	286,327	(128,744)	26,453,469	
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings and Improvements	(846,528)	(97,497)	-	(944,025)	
Vehicles and Equipment	(1,043,555)	(169,561)	128,744	(1,084,372)	
Furniture and Fixtures	(122,565)	(14,143)	-	(136,708)	
Infrastructure	(12,154,899)	(944,611)		(13,099,510)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(14,167,547)	(1,225,812)	128,744	(15,264,615)	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	12,128,339	(939,485)		11,188,854	
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$ 12,894,605	\$ 1,589,658	\$ -	\$ 14,484,263	

NOTE E -- CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation Expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 9,799
Police Department	94,418
Fire Department	47,343
Development and Public Works	964,556
Administration	109,696
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,225,812

NOTE F -- COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The changes in accrued compensated absences for the year ending December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Balance						Balance				
Governmental	Ου	ıtstanding					Ou	tstanding	Dι	ae Within	
Activities	1	/1/2022	Additions		Retirements		12/31/2022		One Year		
Compensated Absences	\$	145,460	\$	143,462	\$	(138,187)	\$	150,735	\$	150,735	

The General Fund is responsible for liquidating compensated absences.

NOTE G -- LONG-TERM DEBT

In July 2016, the City issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 for \$7,375,000 to partially refund the series 2011 General Obligation Bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2031 and bear interest rates ranging from 1.95% to 4%. The bonds were privately placed with a bank and contain no subjective acceleration clauses, events of default with finance-related consequences, or termination events with finance-related consequences.

On advance refundings, the difference between the carrying amount of debt and the payment to the escrow agent to defease the debt is recorded as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position. The deferred outflow is amortized over the shorter of the defeased debts remaining term of the refunding obligations term.

NOTE G -- LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Changes in the City's long-term debt during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance Outstanding 1/1/2022 Additions Ret			Balance Outstanding Retirements 12/31/2022			Due Within One Year		
2016 Series Unamortized Premiums	\$ 6,825,000 260,837	\$	-	\$	(575,000) (54,111)	\$	6,250,000 206,726	\$	605,000 47,529
Totals	\$ 7,085,837	\$	_	\$	(629,111)	\$	6,456,726	\$	652,529

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of December 31, 2022, including interest payments, are as follows:

Year End December 31	Principal		Interest		Total		
2023	\$	605,000	\$	170,420	\$	775,420	
2024		620,000		145,920		765,920	
2025		650,000		120,520		770,520	
2026		680,000		93,920		773,920	
2027		705,000		73,446		778,446	
2028-2031		2,990,000		137,016		3,127,016	
Total	\$	6,250,000	\$	741,242	\$	6,991,242	

NOTE H -- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Texas Municipal Retirement System

Plan Description

The City participates as one of 895 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the state of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the system with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS retirement system.

NOTE H -- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	36
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	58
Active employees	50
	144

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ending December 31, 2022, employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The City's matching ratio is 2 to 1. The contribution rates for the City were 15.66% and 15.50% in calendar years 2021 and 2022, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$461,830 and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE H -- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year

Overall Payroll Growth 3.5% to 11.5%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return* 6.75%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2109 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive).

^{*} Presented net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTE H -- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long-Term

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
	Rate of Return
Target Allocation	(Arithmetic)
35%	7.55%
6%	2.00%
20%	5.68%
12%	7.22%
12%	6.85%
5%	5.35%
10%	10.00%
100%	
	35% 6% 20% 12% 12% 5% 10%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

NOTE H -- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The below schedule presents the changes in the Net Pension Liability as of December 31, 2021:

	Total Pension		Pla	nn Fiduciary	Net Pension		
	Liability		N	et Position		Liability	
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	16,517,451	\$	14,481,131	\$	2,036,320	
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost		511,007		-		511,007	
Interest		1,106,801		-		1,106,801	
Change of Benefit Terms		-		-		-	
Difference Between Expected and							
Actual Experience		352,808		-		352,808	
Changes of Assumptions		-		-		-	
Contributions - Employer		-		474,917		(474,917)	
Contributions - Employee		-		212,288		(212,288)	
Net Investment Income		-		1,887,814		(1,887,814)	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds							
of Employee Contributions		(751,816)		(751,816)		-	
Administrative Expense		-		(8,735)		8,735	
Other Changes				59		(59)	
Net Changes		1,218,800		1,814,527		(595,727)	
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	17,736,251	\$	16,295,658	\$	1,440,593	

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Dis	scount Rate	Dis	scount Rate	Dis	count Rate
		5.75%		6.75%	7.75%	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	4,409,547	\$	1,440,593	\$	(930,615)

The net pension liability will be serviced with the resources of the General Fund.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

NOTE H -- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$203,310. Also as of December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		D	eferred
	Outflows of		Int	flows of
	Resources		rces Resor	
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Economic Experience	\$	260,823	\$	9,415
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		-		3,636
Differences Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings		-		966,071
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		461,830		
	\$	722,653	\$	979,122

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$461,830 are related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year ended December 31,	
2023	\$ (90,471)
2024	(309,391)
2025	(136,372)
2026	(182,065)
2027	
Total	\$ (718,299)

NOTE I -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The city elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The city may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The General Fund is typically used to liquidate the supplemental death benefits fund liability.

NOTE I -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (CONTINUED)

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB. Membership in the plan at December 31, 2021 (the valuation and measurement date) consisted of:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	25
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	8
Active employees	50
	83

The city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. Contribution rates were as follows:

	Total	Retiree
Calendar Year	Contribution	Portion
2020	0.18%	0.04%
2021	0.22%	0.11%
2022	0.20%	0.11%

These contribution rates are based on actuarial assumptions developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. For calculating the OPEB liability and the OPEB contribution rates, the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. Based on the size of the city, rates are multiplied by an additional factor of 100.0%. These assumptions are summarized below:

Inflation Overall Payroll Growth Discount Rate Administrative Expenses	2.5% per year 3.5% to 11.5% per year, including inflation 1.84% All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality Rates - Service Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Mortality Rates - Disabled Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

NOTE I -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (CONTINUED)

The changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability (TOL), based on the above actuarial factors, during the year ended December 31, 2021, were as follows:

	Total OPEB		
	Liability		
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	192,891	
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost		8,795	
Interest		3,912	
Change of Benefit Terms		-	
Difference Between Expected and			
Actual Experience		(4,067)	
Changes of Assumptions		6,355	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions		(3,336)	
Net Changes		11,659	
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	204,550	

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits. The following presents the TOL of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 1.84% as well as what the City's TOL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower and 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Disc	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		count Rate
	0.84%		1.84%		2.84%	
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	250,389	\$	204,550	\$	169,011

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$19,400. Also, as of December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		De	eferred
		Inflows of Resources	
\$	-	\$	16,969
	42,334		-
	3,282		_
\$	45,616	\$	16,969
	Ou Re	Outflows of Resources \$ - 42,334 3,282	Outflows of Resources Inf Resources \$ - \$ 42,334 3,282

NOTE I -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (CONTINUED)

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$3,282 are related to OPEB benefits resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year ended December 31,	
2023	\$ 6,693
2024	6,693
2025	5,142
2026	5,790
2027	919
Thereafter	128
Total	\$ 25,365

NOTE J -- INTERFUND TRANSFERS/BORROWINGS

As of December 31, 2022, the following transfers occurred:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount	Purpose
Capital Projects	General Fund	\$ 900,000	Commitment for future capital projects
Equipment Replacement	General Fund	159,000	Commitment for future equipment replacements

NOTE K -- TEXAS HIGHER EDUCATION AUTHORITY

On February 9, 1988, the City passed an ordinance creating a nonprofit corporation under Section 53.35(b) of The Texas Education Code. The creation of this nonprofit corporation established a Higher Education Authority (the Authority) for the purpose of assisting in the financing of University of The Incarnate Word. In December 1998, the City amended the articles of incorporation of the Authority in order to bring them into compliance with state law. The amendment allows the Authority to permit financing of accredited primary and secondary schools as provided by state law.

It is the opinion of legal counsel that bonds issued by this nonprofit corporation are secured solely from a pledge of the revenues derived by the local university for whose benefit the nonprofit corporation was established, resulting in no obligation for bonds by the City of Terrell Hills.

NOTE K -- TEXAS HIGHER EDUCATION AUTHORITY (CONTINUED)

In accordance with the terms establishing the nonprofit corporation, the City is not liable for any expenses incurred in establishing or administering the Higher Education Authority. The Higher Education Authority has issued the following obligation:

				Estimated
	Date of	Date of	Original	Amount
Entity	Issuance	_Maturity_	Issuance	Outstanding
Schreiner University	2010	2025	\$ 15,660,000	\$ 3,908,000
Total			\$ 15,660,000	\$ 3,908,000

The Texas Higher Education Authority is not consolidated into the financial Statements of the City of Terrell Hills because it does not meet the requirements of being treated as a component unit of the City under governmental accounting standards.

NOTE L -- RISK MANAGEMENT

The City has identified possible risk of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; job-related illnesses or injuries to employees; and other claims or various natures. The City contracts with the Texas Municipal League (TML) to provide insurance coverage for identified risks. TML is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of modified self-insurance and stop-loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by TML. Liability by the City is generally limited to the contributed amounts, although there are coverage limits of \$1,000,000 for general liability, law enforcement and errors and omissions.

NOTE M -- LITIGATION

The City is the subject of various claims and litigation that have arisen in the course of its operations. Management and legal counsel are of the opinion that the City's liability in these cases, if decided adversely to the City, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

NOTE N -- COMMITMENT

The City has an outstanding street project, playground renovation and generator upgrade project as of December 31, 2022. They also committed to purchasing two sanitation trucks as of year-end. The outstanding commitments as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Project	Total Commitment		Incurred Through December 31, 2022		Estimated Future Commitment	
Playground Renovation 2022 Street Project	\$	215,154 191,450	\$	107,577 188,618	\$	107,577 2,832
Sanitation Trucks (2)		346,950		-		346,950
Generator Upgrade		322,000				322,000
	\$	1,075,554	\$	296,195	\$	779,359



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Schedule of Changes Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Employer Contributions and Related Notes Defined Benefit Pension Plan
- Schedule of Changes Total Other Postemployment Benefit Liability and Related Ratios

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budget A	Amounts	2022	Variance With
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 5,119,429	\$ 5,119,429	\$5,807,455	\$ 688,026
Sales Tax	320,000	320,000	511,609	191,609
Franchise Tax	400,000	400,000	496,734	96,734
Charges for Services	400,000	400,000	490,257	90,257
Grants	-	-	434,188	434,188
Fines and Forfeitures	6,890	6,890	6,853	(37)
Other	19,720	19,720	48,864	29,144
TOTAL REVENUES	6,266,039	6,266,039	7,795,960	1,529,921
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	1,264,787	1,264,787	1,153,881	110,906
Police Department	1,387,789	1,387,789	1,294,055	93,734
Fire Department	1,518,002	1,518,002	1,466,548	51,454
Development and Public Works	1,175,321	1,175,321	1,170,011	5,310
Administration	411,140	411,140	413,699	(2,559)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,757,039	5,757,039	5,498,194	258,845
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	509,000	509,000	2,297,766	1,788,766
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USI	ES)			
Transfer Out	(1,059,000)	(1,059,000)	(1,059,000)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	(1,059,000)	(1,059,000)	(1,059,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(550,000)	(550,000)	1,238,766	1,788,766
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	5,489,569	5,489,569	5,489,569	
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 4,939,569	\$ 4,939,569	\$6,728,335	\$ 1,788,766

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DECEMBER 31, 2022

Budgetary Information — The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council and as such is a good management control device. The following funds have legally adopted annual budgets: General Fund and Debt Service Fund.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Actual expenditures did not exceed appropriations in the General Fund.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES - NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST EIGHT PLAN YEARS (BASED ON PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR PLAN VALUATIONS)

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Total	ν_{e}	101011		10	hilita
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	2014	2015	2016
		_	
Service Cost	\$ 314,319	\$ 346,645	\$ 345,295
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	740,979	783,957	777,760
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Difference between Expected			
and Actual Experience	(119,368)	(488,811)	68,815
Change of Assumptions	-	60,058	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of			
Employee Contributions	(364,652)	(311,611)	(444,747)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	571,278	390,238	747,123
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	10,610,585	11,181,863	11,572,101
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$11,181,863	\$11,572,101	\$12,319,224
Plan Fiducia	ry Net Position		
T BH T ROOM	2014	2015	2016
Contributions - Employer	\$ 293,555	\$ 314,534	\$ 304,415
Contributions - Employee	140,682	145,956	144,274
Net Investment Income	523,524	14,370	668,615
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of			
Employee Contributions	(364,652)	(311,611)	(444,747)
Administrative Expense	(5,466)	(8,753)	(7,551)
Other	(449)	(433)	(407)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	587,194	154,063	664,599
Plan Fiduciary Net Postion - Beginning	9,151,461	9,738,655	9,892,718
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 9,738,655	\$ 9,892,718	\$10,557,317
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$ 1,443,208	\$ 1,679,383	\$ 1,761,907
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a			
Percentage of Total Pension Liability	87.09%	85.49%	85.70%
Covered Payroll	\$ 2,344,697	\$ 2,432,593	\$ 2,404,558
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage			
of Covered Payroll	61.55%	69.04%	73.27%

Note: 10-year historical trend information is being developed prospectively and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

		To	otal Pension Liabil	lity	
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$	374,523	\$ 459,306	\$ 471,461	\$ 497,721	\$ 511,007
	823,547	929,757	989,150	1,048,784	1,106,801
	-	747,049	-	-	-
	129,539	(47,950)	(20,565)	6,426	352,808
	-	-	(16,029)	-	-
	(611,573)	(475,578)	(459,015)	(648,326)	(751,816)
	716,036	1,612,584	965,002	904,605	1,218,800
1	2,319,224	13,035,260	14,647,844	15,612,846	16,517,451
\$1	3,035,260	\$14,647,844	\$15,612,846	\$16,517,451	\$17,736,251
		Plan	Fiduciary Net Po	sition	
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$	306,683	\$ 326,407	\$ 432,761	\$ 451,620	\$ 474,917
	157,005	163,067	197,737	205,549	212,288
	1,463,398	(355,415)	1,780,572	1,021,344	1,887,814
	(611,573)	(475,578)	(459,015)	(648,326)	(751,816)
	(7,583)	(6,869)	(10,060)	(6,610)	(8,735)
	(383)	(359)	(301)	(258)	59
	1,307,547	(348,747)	1,941,694	1,023,319	1,814,527
1	0,557,317	11,864,864	11,516,117	13,457,812	14,481,131
\$1	1,864,864	\$11,516,117	\$13,457,812	\$14,481,131	\$16,295,658
\$	1,170,396	\$ 3,131,727	\$ 2,155,034	\$ 2,036,320	\$ 1,440,593
	91.02%	78.62%	86.20%	87.67%	91.88%
\$	2,609,916	\$ 2,717,789	\$ 2,824,810	\$ 2,936,408	\$ 3,032,681

44.84%

115.23%

69.35%

47.50%

76.29%

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	Actuarially				Contributions
Fiscal Year	Determined	Contributions	Contribution		as Percent
Ending	Contribution	In Relation	Deficiency	Covered	of Covered
December 31,	(ADC)	to the ADC	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2014	\$ 293,555	\$ 293,555	\$ -	\$ 2,344,697	12.52%
2015	314,534	314,534	-	2,432,593	12.93%
2016	303,998	303,998	-	2,404,558	12.64%
2017	308,253	308,253	-	2,609,916	11.81%
2018	326,426	326,426	-	2,717,789	12.01%
2019	433,044	433,044	-	2,824,810	15.33%
2020	451,620	451,620	-	2,936,410	15.38%
2021	474,917	474,917	-	3,032,677	15.66%
2022	461,830	461,830	-	2,983,399	15.48%

Note: 10-year historical trend information is being developed prospectively and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date:

Other Information

Benefit Changes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, thirteen (13) months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	24 Years
Asset Valuation Method	10 Year Smoothed Market; 12% Soft Corridor
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.5% including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014-2018.
Mortality	Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

There were no benefit changes during the year.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES - TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY LAST FIVE PLAN YEARS

Total	l OP	EB	Lial	bility

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Service Cost	\$ 4,698	\$ 5,436	\$ 5,085	\$ 7,635	\$ 8,795
Interest (on the Total OPEB Liability)	4,433	4,546	4,814	4,533	3,912
Changes of Benefit Terms	=	-	-	=	-
Difference between Expected					
and Actual Experience	=	(6,495)	(3,373)	(6,740)	(4,067)
Change of Assumptions	11,369	(10,062)	28,293	27,033	6,355
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of					
Employee Contributions	(783)	(815)	(847)	(1,175)	(3,336)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	19,717	(7,390)	33,972	31,286	11,659
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	115,306	135,023	127,633	161,605	192,891
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 135,023	\$ 127,633	\$ 161,605	\$ 192,891	\$ 204,550
Covered- Employee Payroll	\$ 2,609,916	\$ 2,717,789	\$ 2,824,810	\$ 2,936,408	\$ 3,032,681
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage					
of Covered-Employee Payroll	5.17%	4.70%	5.72%	6.57%	6.74%
Discount Rate	3.31%	3.71%	2.75%	2.00%	1.84%
No assets are held in a trust to fund thi	s benefit.				

No assets are held in a trust to fund this benefit.

There have been no changes to benefits or assumptions other than the discount rate.

Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation Overall Payroll Growth Discount Rate Administrative Expenses	2.5% per year3.5% to 11.5% per year, including inflation1.84%All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality Rates - Service Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Mortality Rates - Disabled Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

Information for this schedule is being accumulated until 10-years are presented.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedule include:

- Comparative Statements Police Forfeiture
- Comparative Statements General Fund
- Comparative Statements Debt Service Fund
- Comparative Statements Capital Projects Fund
- Comparative Statements Equipment Replacement Fund

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - POLICE FORFEITURE DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

		2022		2021	
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	491,063	\$	537,478	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	491,063	\$	537,478	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	E				
Fund Balance:					
Restricted for Police Department		491,063		537,478	
Total Fund Balance		491,063		537,478	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
FUND BALANCE	\$	491,063	\$	537,478	

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - POLICE FORFEITURE FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
REVENUES		_
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 123,193	\$ 482,093
TOTAL REVENUES	123,193	482,093
EXPENDITURES		
Police Department	35,746	8,902
Capital Outlay	133,862	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	169,608	8,902
Net Change in Fund Balance	(46,415)	473,191
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	537,478	64,287
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 491,063	\$ 537,478

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - GENERAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022		2021	
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,670,690	\$	3,089,962
Receivables:				
Property Tax (net of uncollectibles)		2,893,808		3,234,821
Sales Tax and Franchise Taxes Receivables		158,120		137,533
Prepaid Items		1,002		30,432
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,723,620	\$	6,492,748
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$	46,903	\$	30,518
Accrued Vacation Payable		150,735		145,460
Total Liabilities		197,638		175,978
Deferred Inflows:				
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue		797,647		827,201
Total Deferred Inflows		797,647		827,201
Fund Balance:				
Nonspendable Prepaid Items		1,002		30,432
Unassigned		6,727,333		5,459,137
Total Fund Balance		6,728,335		5,489,569
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED				
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE	\$	7,723,620	\$	6,492,748

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022		2021	
REVENUES				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	5,807,455	\$	5,213,936
Sales Tax		511,609		404,082
Franchise Taxes		496,734		432,083
Charges for Services		490,257		503,905
Grants		434,188		_
Fines and Forfeitures		6,853		9,294
Other		48,864		37,550
TOTAL REVENUES		7,795,960		6,600,850
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government		1,153,881		1,044,045
Police Department		1,294,055		1,357,594
Fire Department		1,452,776		1,364,806
Development and Public Works		1,170,011		1,112,088
Administration		413,699		381,611
Capital Outlay		13,772		29,611
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,498,194		5,289,755
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		2,297,766		1,311,095
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of Capital Assets		_		1,215
Transfers Out		(1,059,000)		(1,059,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES(USES)		(1,059,000)		(1,057,785)
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,238,766		253,310
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		5,489,569		5,236,259
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	6,728,335	\$	5,489,569

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - DEBT SERVICE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022		2021	
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	421,100	\$	349,736
Property Taxes Receivable (net of uncollectibles)		391,786		452,229
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	812,886	\$	801,965
DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANC	CE CE			
Deferred Inflows:				
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	\$	106,942	\$	114,618
Total Deferred Inflows		106,942		114,618
Fund Balance				
Restricted for Debt Service		705,944		687,347
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
DEFERRED INFLOWS	\$	812,886	\$	801,965

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR 2021)

			Variance				
	Budget A	Amounts	2022	2022 With Final		2021	
	Original	Final	Actual	I	Budget	Actual	
REVENUES							
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 769,020	\$ 769,020	\$ 788,367	\$	19,347	\$ 726,463	
TOTAL REVENUES	769,020	769,020	788,367		19,347	726,463	
EXPENDITURES							
Principal	575,000	575,000	575,000		-	550,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	194,020	194,020	194,770		(750)	217,270	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	769,020	769,020	769,770		(750)	767,270	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	18,597		18,597	(40,807)	
-							
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	687,347	687,347	687,347		_	728,154	
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 687,347	\$ 687,347	\$ 705,944	\$	18,597	\$ 687,347	

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021		
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,405,514	\$	1,697,000	
Sales Taxes Receivable	 15,928		14,345	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,421,442	\$	1,711,345	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 446,482	\$	<u>-</u> _	
Total Liabilities	446,482			
Fund Balance:				
Committed for Street Improvements	 974,960		1,711,345	
Total Fund Balance	 974,960		1,711,345	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,421,442	\$	1,711,345	

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022		2021
REVENUES			
Street Sales Tax	\$	127,902	\$ 101,020
TOTAL REVENUES		127,902	101,020
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Outlay		1,764,287	1,004,064
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,764,287	 1,004,064
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,636,385)	(903,044)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In		900,000	900,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)		900,000	900,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(736,385)	(3,044)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		1,711,345	 1,714,389
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	974,960	\$ 1,711,345

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022		2021	
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	830,507		1,444,938
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	830,507	\$	1,444,938
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Fund Balance:				
Committed for Equipment Replacement		830,507		1,444,938
Total Fund Balance		830,507		1,444,938
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCE	\$	830,507	\$	1,444,938

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022		2021		
REVENUES	\$	-	\$	_	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay		795,431		99,035	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		795,431		99,035	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)					
Expenditures		(795,431)		(99,035)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of Capital Assets		22,000		40,025	
Transfers In		159,000		159,000	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		_			
SOURCES(USES)		181,000		199,025	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(614,431)		99,990	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		1,444,938		1,344,948	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	830,507	\$	1,444,938	



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Terrell Hills' annual comprehensive financial report represents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Financial Trends – Tables 1 through 4</u>

Net Position by Component Change in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

These schedules contain trend information to help reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - Tables 5 through 9

Tax Revenue by Source, Governmental Funds Assessed Value and Actual Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

<u>Debt Capacity – Tables 10 through 13</u>

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratios of General Bonded Debt Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Debt Margin Information

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information – Tables 14 and 15

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Principal Employers

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand how the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

Operating Information (Tables 16 through 18)

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Operating Indicators by Function/Program Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year 2013 2014 2016 2015 Governmental Activities: Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 6,501,017 \$ 5,683,040 \$ 5,783,091 \$ 7,049,113 Restricted 829,050 820,845 794,545 782,137 Unrestricted 6,269,075 6,229,590 4,115,541 4,731,461 Total Governmental Activities \$ 12,833,526 Net Position \$ 11,959,199 \$ 12,014,615 \$ 12,781,165 Primary Government: Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 5,683,040 \$ 5,783,091 \$ 7,049,113 \$ 6,501,017 Restricted 829,050 820,845 794,545 782,137 Unrestricted 6,269,075 6,229,590 4,115,541 4,731,461 Total Primary Government Net Position \$ 12,833,526 \$ 11,959,199 \$ 12,014,615 \$ 12,781,165

^{*}Note:

GASB Statement No. 68 has been prospectively implemented beginning in fiscal year 2015. GASB Statement No. 75 has been prospectively implemented beginning in fiscal year 2018.

TABLE 1

Fiscal Year

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 6,856,720	\$ 6,535,717	\$ 5,882,491	\$ 5,676,222	\$ 6,163,201	\$ 8,308,443
727,132	829,322	835,285	811,964	1,249,226	1,223,107
4,855,438	5,432,539	5,814,942	6,853,400	7,357,686	7,458,485
\$ 12,439,290	\$ 12,797,578	\$ 12,532,718	\$ 13,341,586	\$14,770,113	\$ 16,990,035
\$ 6,856,720	\$ 6,535,717	\$ 5,882,491	\$ 5,676,222	\$ 6,163,201	\$ 8,308,443
727,132	829,322	835,285	811,964	1,249,226	1,223,107
4,855,438	5,432,539	5,814,942	6,853,400	7,357,686	7,458,485
\$ 12,439,290	\$ 12,797,578	\$ 12,532,718	\$ 13,341,586	\$14,770,113	\$ 16,990,035

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year						
	2013	2014	2015	2016			
Expenses							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 879,328	\$ 917,083	\$ 923,164	\$ 1,080,866			
Police Department	1,053,576	1,165,805	1,245,289	1,261,403			
Fire Department	1,105,760	1,112,167	1,134,588	1,159,771			
Development and Public Works	1,522,260	1,602,510	1,572,481	1,656,655			
Administration	353,811	355,950	373,149	399,893			
Interest on Long-Term Debt	447,527	339,269	334,802	379,680			
Total Governmental Activities							
Expenses	5,362,262	5,492,784	5,583,473	5,938,268			
Program Revenues							
Governmental Activities:							
Charges for Services	248,206	285,875	280,393	325,779			
Operating Grants and Contributions	143,138	6,103	2,770	32,933			
Capital Grants and Contributions							
Total Governmental Activities							
Program Revenues	391,344	291,978	283,163	358,712			
Net (Expenses) Revenue							
Governmental Activities	(4,970,918)	(5,200,806)	(5,300,310)	(5,579,556)			
Total Primary Government Net Expenses	\$ (4,970,918)	\$ (5,200,806)	\$ (5,300,310)	\$ (5,579,556)			
Governmental Revenues and Other							
Changes in Net Position							
Governmental Activities:							
Taxes:							
General Property Taxes	\$ 4,332,587	\$ 4,519,059	\$ 4,628,850	\$ 4,831,167			
Franchise Taxes	342,699	460,832	472,875	466,525			
Sales Taxes	213,546	242,959	278,993	300,735			
General Grants	-	-	-	_			
Interest and Investment Earnings	13,644	10,700	6,697	7,681			
Miscellaneous	330,027	19,617	29,982	28,864			
Total Governmental Activities	5,232,503	5,253,167	5,417,397	5,634,972			
Total Primary Government	\$ 5,232,503	\$ 5,253,167	\$ 5,417,397	\$ 5,634,972			
Changes In Net Position							
Government Activities	\$ 261,585	\$ 52,361	\$ 117,087	\$ 55,416			
Total Primary Government	\$ 261,585	\$ 52,361	\$ 117,087	\$ 55,416			

^{*}Note:

GASB Statement No. 68 has been prospectively implemented beginning in fiscal year 2015. GASB Statement No. 75 has been prospectively implemented beginning in fiscal year 2018.

TABLE 2

Fiscal Year										
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022					
\$ 952,370	\$ 984,610	\$ 961,543	\$ 1,002,940	\$ 1,054,135	\$ 1,163,679					
1,277,882	1,246,087	1,589,983	1,348,265	1,351,156	1,345,351					
1,258,681	1,239,810	1,662,432	1,377,123	1,360,151	1,419,690					
1,782,424	1,934,539	2,216,265	2,023,737	2,021,428	2,086,485					
393,786	462,217	589,767	524,433	495,781	497,330					
282,042	272,282	263,237	254,094	234,355	204,811					
5,947,185	6,139,545	7,283,227	6,530,592	6,517,006	6,717,346					
335,299	320,389	425,657	535,612	513,199	497,110					
19,804	119,630	13,636	5,921	482,093	123,193					
-	-	-	-	-	-					
355,103	440,019	439,293	541,533	995,292	620,303					
(5,592,082)	(5,699,526)	(6,843,934)	(5,989,059)	(5,521,714)	(6,097,043)					
\$ (5,592,082)	\$ (5,699,526)	\$ (6,843,934)	\$ (5,989,059)	\$ (5,521,714)	\$ (6,097,043)					
+ (-)	+ (=)=== =)	+ (-))	+ (-)/	+ (=)=):)	+ (=)===)					
\$ 5,149,850	\$ 5,301,071	\$ 5,661,706	\$ 5,757,903	\$ 5,946,932	\$ 6,558,592					
469,074	473,990	448,533	396,917	432,083	496,734					
364,435	342,795	387,631	453,257	505,102	639,511					
301,133	5 12,775	507,051	133,237	505,102	551,265					
9,188	29,921	38,004	8,057	2,808	28,285					
24,210	24,567	43,200	181,793	63,316	42,578					
6,016,757	6,172,344	6,579,074	6,797,927	6,950,241	8,316,965					
	<u></u>	0,017,011			0,510,705					
\$ 6,016,757	\$ 6,172,344	\$ 6,579,074	\$ 6,797,927	\$ 6,950,241	\$ 8,316,965					
\$ 424,675	\$ 472,818	\$ (264,860)	\$ 808,868	\$ 1,428,527	\$ 2,219,922					
\$ 424,675	\$ 472,818	\$ (264,860)	\$ 808,868	\$ 1,428,527	\$ 2,219,922					

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCALYEARS

	Fiscal Year							
		2013		2014		2015		2016
General Fund								
Nonspendable	\$	40,748	\$	14,159	\$	109,303	\$	-
Restricted		168,334		138,935		93,247		78,516
Unassigned		3,712,919		3,551,652	_	3,654,018	_	3,887,883
Total General Fund	\$	3,922,001	\$	3,704,746	\$	3,856,568	\$	3,966,399
All Other Governmental Funds								
Reported In:	Φ	2 120 201	Φ	2 225 041	Φ	062.526	Φ	1 204 010
Capital Project Funds	\$	2,130,291	\$	2,235,041	\$	862,536	\$	1,384,819
Debt Service Funds		679,046		695,330		715,522		701,280
Special Revenue Funds								-
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	2,809,337	\$	2,930,371	\$	1,578,058	\$	2,086,099

TABLE 3

Fiscal	Vear
L I C (A	теяг

Fiscal Year										
2017		2018		2019 2020		2020		2021		2022
\$ 24,8	64 \$	23,734	\$	-	\$	28,708	\$	30,432	\$	1,002
4,617,5	65	4,938,848		4,375,014		5,207,551		5,459,137		6,727,333
\$ 4,642,4	29 \$	4,962,582	\$	4,375,014	\$	5,236,259	\$	5,489,569	\$	6,728,335
\$ 916,5 740,6		5 1,093,387 721,060	\$	2,840,046 716,382	\$	3,059,337 728,154	\$	3,156,283 687,347	\$	1,805,467 705,944
5,1		102,873		99,803	_	64,287		537,478		491,063
\$ 1,662,3	20 \$	1,917,320	\$	3,656,231	\$	3,851,778	\$	4,381,108	\$	3,002,474

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2013	2014	2015	2016
REVENUES				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 4,299,223	\$ 4,470,885	\$ 4,616,599	\$ 4,817,404
Sales Taxes	213,546	242,959	278,993	300,735
Franchise Taxes	342,699	460,832	472,875	466,525
Charges for Services	222,578	264,302	262,282	304,376
Grants	-	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures	166,446	27,476	18,111	53,336
Other	340,157	26,588	22,583	23,209
TOTAL REVENUES	5,584,649	5,493,042	5,671,443	5,965,585
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	857,740	895,495	879,357	969,681
Police Department	1,014,750	1,121,361	1,204,765	1,196,053
Fire Department	1,089,287	1,084,238	1,111,505	1,104,535
Development and Public Works	851,103	900,037	870,256	819,902
Administration	284,339	240,793	284,504	371,934
Capital Projects/Outlay	522,377	588,298	1,771,614	146,020
Debt Service:				
Principal	430,000	430,000	430,000	435,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	344,208	340,846	336,803	184,776
Bond Issue Costs				86,158
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,393,804	5,601,068	6,888,804	5,314,059
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	190,845	(108,026)	(1,217,361)	651,526
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of Bonded Debt	-	-	-	7,375,000
Premium From Issuance of Debt	-	-	-	578,561
Sales of Capital Assets	5,835	11,805	16,870	27,055
Payments to Refunding Escrow Agent				(8,014,270)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	5,835	11,805	16,870	(33,654)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 196,680	\$ (96,221)	\$ (1,200,491)	\$ 617,872
Debt Service Expenditures as a Percent				
of Non-capital expenditures	15.9%	15.4%	15.0%	13.7%

TABLE 4

Fiscal Year

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 5,282,410	\$ 5,130,583	\$ 5,508,442	\$ 5,770,104	\$ 5,940,399	\$ 6,595,822
364,43	342,794	387,632	453,257	505,102	639,511
469,074	473,990	448,533	396,917	432,083	496,734
321,110	302,390	405,108	529,542	503,905	490,257
		-	-	-	551,265
33,68′	7 137,628	34,186	11,991	491,387	130,046
22,684	51,919	81,206	155,191	61,677	48,864
6,493,400	6,439,304	6,865,107	7,317,002	7,934,553	8,952,499
902,474	972,348	964,201	993,378	1,044,045	1,153,881
1,206,750	5 1,220,777	1,241,081	1,313,893	1,366,496	1,329,801
1,190,75	1,207,977	1,298,280	1,350,540	1,364,806	1,452,776
960,68	1,010,601	1,084,182	1,112,279	1,112,088	1,170,011
304,963	359,974	381,606	411,254	400,988	413,699
1,004,339	381,985	39,868	415,020	1,137,460	2,824,429
435,000	460,000	460,000	465,000	550,000	575,000
272,858		244,546	233,506	217,270	194,770
272,636	3 255,059	244,540	233,300	217,270	194,770
6,277,824	5,866,721	5,713,764	6,294,870	7,193,153	9,114,367
0,277,02	3,000,721	3,713,704	0,274,070	7,175,155	<u></u>
215,582	572,583	1,151,343	1,022,132	741,400	(161,868)
		-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-
36,669	2,570	-	34,660	41,240	22,000
	<u> </u>	-			
36,669	2,570	_	34,660	41,240	22,000
		· 		71,270	22,000
\$ 252,25	\$ 575,153	\$ 1,151,343	\$ 1,056,792	\$ 782,640	\$ (139,868)
13.49	/₀ 13.0%	12.4%	11.9%	12.7%	12.2%

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 5

Fiscal				
Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Franchise Tax	Total
2013	\$ 4,299,223	\$ 213,546	\$ 342,699	\$ 4,855,468
2014	4,470,885	242,959	460,832	5,174,676
2015	4,616,599	278,993	472,875	5,368,467
2016	4,817,404	300,735	466,525	5,584,664
2017	5,282,410	364,435	469,074	6,115,919
2018	5,130,583	342,794	473,990	5,947,367
2019	5,508,442	387,632	448,533	6,344,607
2020	5,770,104	453,257	396,917	6,620,278
2021	5,940,399	505,102	432,083	6,877,584
2022	6,595,822	639,511	496,734	7,732,067

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 6

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value*	Total Direct Tax Rate
2013	\$ 1,142,099,938	\$ 32,411,510	\$ 13,559,113	\$ 1,160,952,335	0.371729
2014	1,192,902,448	34,407,918	14,165,923	1,213,144,443	0.370525
2015	1,348,575,687	37,552,394	52,682,797	1,333,445,284	0.345906
2016	1,413,951,625	38,961,001	36,260,166	1,416,652,460	0.339538
2017	1,468,772,385	43,427,803	38,057,415	1,474,142,773	0.347673
2018	1,512,481,536	43,322,224	34,812,569	1,520,991,191	0.347673
2019	1,529,138,696	42,652,916	26,263,387	1,545,528,225	0.365000
2020	1,560,808,509	47,068,010	31,645,567	1,576,230,952	0.365000
2021	1,610,774,512	47,732,909	40,641,736	1,617,865,685	0.365000
2022	1,785,342,934	49,969,922	69,178,417	1,766,134,439	0.369784

Source: Bexar Appraisal District.

^{*} Total Taxable Assessed Value and Total Estimated Actual Value of taxable property is the same.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 7

	City Direct Rates								
Fiscal	General	Debt	Total						
Period	M&O	Service	Direct						
2013	0.304120	0.067609	0.371729						
2014	0.305814	0.064711	0.370525						
2015	0.287736	0.058170	0.345906						
2016	0.284670	0.054868	0.339538						
2017	0.299253	0.048420	0.347673						
2018	0.300656	0.047017	0.347673						
2019	0.319823	0.045177	0.365000						
2020	0.319918	0.045082	0.365000						
2021	0.320112	0.044888	0.365000						
2022	0.325546	0.044238	0.369784						

City Direct Rates

Overlapping Rates Alamo Bexar San Antonio University Alamo Fiscal Heights County River Community Bexar Health Total **ISD** College Period County Flood Authority System Overlapping 2013 1.218000 0.296187 0.030679 0.0177980.276235 0.149150 1.988049 2014 1.205000 0.283821 0.030679 0.017500 0.276235 0.149150 1.962385 2015 1.195000 0.283821 0.030679 0.017500 0.276235 0.149150 1.952385 2016 1.195000 0.297500 0.017000 0.017290 0.276235 0.149150 1.952175 2017 1.195000 0.293250 0.015700 0.0172900.293250 0.149150 1.963640 2018 1.255000 0.291229 0.012870 0.017290 0.276235 0.149150 2.001774 2019 1.195000 0.277429 0.023670 0.018580 0.276235 0.149150 1.940064 2020 1.196400 0.277429 0.023670 0.018580 0.276235 0.149150 1.941464 2021 1.193400 0.276331 0.023668 0.018580 0.276235 0.149150 1.937364 2022 1.135500 0.276331 0.023668 0.018360 0.276235 0.149150 1.879244

Source: Bexar County Tax Office

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

TABLE 8

	2022			2013				
				Percentage of Total City				Percentage of Total City
		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable
		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
<u>Taxpayer</u>		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
Michael & Candace Humphreys	\$	10,000,000	1	0.57%	\$	10,000,000	1	0.86%
Thomas Moorman	Φ	6,573,840	2	0.37%	Φ	4,847,620	4	0.42%
Otterby Real Estate Trust		6,150,000	3	0.37%		4,047,020	4	0.42/0
Berkley & Bonnie Dawson		5,542,000	4	0.31%		5,300,000	3	0.46%
Edward Jr & Linda Whitacre		5,373,074	5	0.30%		5,508,525	2	0.47%
Stephen & Susan Butt		5,311,960	6	0.30%		2,200,222	_	0.1770
Nicolas & Aliece Hollis		5,004,550	7	0.28%		3,709,052	5	0.32%
Aaron McKee		4,791,642	8	0.27%		2,702,002	Ü	0.027
James W Jr & Jessica L Collins		4,545,000	9	0.26%				
Robert T Hayes Revocable Trust		4,323,560	10	0.24%				
Patrick Condon						4,054,266	6	0.35%
Patricia Cerisola						3,960,000	7	0.34%
John & Laura Zachry						3,950,000	8	0.34%
Richard & Mary Azar						3,950,000	9	0.34%
James & Kristine Ellis						3,800,000	10	0.33%
Total	\$	57,615,626		3.26%	\$	49,079,463		4.23%
Taxable Value of	1,	766,134,439			1,	160,952,335		

Source: Bexar County Appraisal District

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 9

	Collected v	vithin the				
Taxes Levied	Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections	Total Collecti	Total Collections to Date	
for the		Percentage	In Subsequent		Percentage	
Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy	
\$ 4,315,361	\$ 2,459,215	57.0%	\$ 1,846,210	\$ 4,305,425	99.8%	
4,498,597	2,698,610	60.0%	1,795,662	4,494,272	99.9%	
4,613,824	2,755,466	59.7%	1,862,861	4,618,327	100.1%	
4,808,449	2,715,502	56.5%	2,081,621	4,797,123	99.8%	
5,126,112	3,149,334	61.4%	1,959,511	5,108,845	99.7%	
5,288,123	2,959,961	56.0%	2,312,556	5,272,517	99.7%	
5,641,215	3,086,466	54.7%	2,539,772	5,626,238	99.7%	
5,737,091	3,110,063	54.2%	2,604,691	5,714,754	99.6%	
5,905,241	2,364,503	40.0%	3,494,317	5,858,820	99.2%	
6,530,916	3,374,684	51.7%	-	3,374,684	51.7%	
	for the Fiscal Year \$ 4,315,361 4,498,597 4,613,824 4,808,449 5,126,112 5,288,123 5,641,215 5,737,091 5,905,241	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year \$ 4,315,361 \$ 2,459,215 4,498,597 2,698,610 4,613,824 2,755,466 4,808,449 2,715,502 5,126,112 3,149,334 5,288,123 2,959,961 5,641,215 3,086,466 5,737,091 3,110,063 5,905,241 2,364,503	for the Fiscal Year Amount Percentage of Levy \$ 4,315,361 \$ 2,459,215 57.0% 4,498,597 2,698,610 60.0% 4,613,824 2,755,466 59.7% 4,808,449 2,715,502 56.5% 5,126,112 3,149,334 61.4% 5,288,123 2,959,961 56.0% 5,641,215 3,086,466 54.7% 5,737,091 3,110,063 54.2% 5,905,241 2,364,503 40.0%	Taxes Levied for the for the Fiscal Year Fiscal Year of the Levy of Levy Collections In Subsequent Years \$ 4,315,361 \$ 2,459,215 57.0% \$ 1,846,210 4,498,597 2,698,610 60.0% 1,795,662 4,613,824 2,755,466 59.7% 1,862,861 4,808,449 2,715,502 56.5% 2,081,621 5,126,112 3,149,334 61.4% 1,959,511 5,288,123 2,959,961 56.0% 2,312,556 5,641,215 3,086,466 54.7% 2,539,772 5,737,091 3,110,063 54.2% 2,604,691 5,905,241 2,364,503 40.0% 3,494,317	Taxes Levied for the for the Fiscal Year Fiscal Year Percentage Amount Collections In Subsequent Total Collections \$ 4,315,361 \$ 2,459,215 57.0% \$ 1,846,210 \$ 4,305,425 4,498,597 2,698,610 60.0% 1,795,662 4,494,272 4,613,824 2,755,466 59.7% 1,862,861 4,618,327 4,808,449 2,715,502 56.5% 2,081,621 4,797,123 5,126,112 3,149,334 61.4% 1,959,511 5,108,845 5,288,123 2,959,961 56.0% 2,312,556 5,272,517 5,641,215 3,086,466 54.7% 2,539,772 5,626,238 5,737,091 3,110,063 54.2% 2,604,691 5,714,754 5,905,241 2,364,503 40.0% 3,494,317 5,858,820	

Source: Bexar County Tax Assessor Collector and City of Terrell Hills.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 10

Governmental Activities

		Activities					
	General	Certificates			Total	Percentage of	
Fiscal	Obligation	of	Notes	Unamortized	Primary	Personal	Per
Year	Bonds	Obligation	Payable	Premiums	Government	Income**	Capita*
2013	\$ 10,215,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$10,215,000	2.7%	\$ 2,072
2014	9,785,000	-	-	-	9,785,000	2.5%	1,971
2015	9,355,000	-	-	-	9,355,000	2.3%	1,794
2016	9,195,000	-	-	578,561	9,773,561	2.3%	1,849
2017	8,760,000	-	-	511,582	9,271,582	1.9%	1,786
2018	8,300,000	-	-	448,129	8,748,129	1.9%	1,667
2019	7,840,000	-	-	384,676	8,224,676	1.7%	1,516
2020	7,375,000	-	-	321,223	7,696,223	1.8%	1,413
2021	6,825,000	-	-	260,837	7,085,837	1.8%	1,405
2022	6,250,000	-	-	206,726	6,456,726	1.5%	1,282

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*}Population used for Per Capita column taken from table 14.

^{**}Personal Income taken from multiplying per capita personal income by population on table 14.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 11

											Percentage	
	General Bo	nded Deb	ot				Available	Net	Actual		of Actual	
	General	Certific	eates	•			in Debt	General	Taxable	•	Taxable	
Fiscal	Obligation	of	?	Una	mortized		Service	Bonded	Value o	f	Value of	Per
Year	Bonds	Obliga	ition	Pre	emiums		Funds	Debt	Property	7	Property	Capita*
2013	\$ 10,215,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(679,046)	\$ 9,535,954	\$ 1,160,952	,335	0.82%	\$1,935
2014	9,785,000		-		-		(695,330)	9,089,670	1,213,144	,443	0.75%	1,831
2015	9,355,000		-		-		(701,298)	8,653,702	1,333,445	,284	0.65%	1,660
2016	9,195,000		-		578,561		(703,621)	9,069,940	1,416,652	,460	0.64%	1,716
2017	8,760,000		-		511,582		(722,020)	8,549,562	1,474,142	,773	0.58%	1,647
2018	8,300,000		-		448,129		(726,449)	8,021,680	1,520,991	,191	0.53%	1,529
2019	7,840,000		-		384,676		(735,482)	7,489,194	1,545,528	,225	0.48%	1,380
2020	7,375,000		-		321,223		(747,677)	6,948,546	1,576,230	,952	0.44%	1,276
2021	6,825,000		-		260,837		(711,748)	6,374,089	1,617,865	,685	0.39%	1,263
2022	6,250,000		-		206,726		(732,044)	5,724,682	1,766,134	,439	0.32%	1,137

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*}Population used for Per Capita column taken from table 14.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2022

TABLE 12

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable*	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:			
Alamo CCD	\$ 777,390,000	0.94%	\$ 7,307,466
Alamo Heights ISD	171,075,000	17.73%	30,331,598
Bexar County	2,015,625,000	0.94%	18,946,875
Bexar County Hospital District	1,168,200,000	0.94%	10,981,080
North East ISD	1,358,345,000	0.39%	5,297,546
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			72,864,564
City Governmental Activities Direct Deb	6,456,726		
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DE	\$ 79,321,290		

Source: The overlapping debt was received from the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the City of Terrell Hills. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 13

Taxable Value		\$ 1	,766,134,439
Debt Limit - 10% of taxable value		\$	176,613,444
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:			
Total Bonded Debt	\$	6,250,000	
Resources available in Debt Service Fund		732,044	
Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Lin	nit		(5,517,956)
Legal Debt Margin		\$	171,095,488
Total Net Debt as a Percentage of Debt Man	rgin		3.23%
		Fiscal Year	
	2019	2020	2021
Debt Limit	\$ 154,552,823	\$ 157,623,095	\$ 161,786,569
Total net debt applicable to limit	(7,489,194)	(6,948,546)	(6,113,252)
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 147,063,629	\$ 150,674,549	\$ 155,673,317
Total Net Debt as a Percentage of Debt Margin	5.09%	4.61%	3.93%
		Fiscal Year	
	2016	2017	2018
Debt Limit	\$ 141,665,246	\$ 147,414,277	\$ 152,099,119
Total net debt applicable to limit	(9,069,940)	(8,549,562)	(7,573,551)
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 132,595,306	\$ 138,864,715	\$ 144,525,568
Total Net Debt as a Percentage of Debt Margin	6.84%	6.16%	5.24%
		Fiscal Year	
	2013	2014	2015
Debt Limit	\$ 116,095,234	\$ 121,314,444	\$ 133,344,528
Total net debt applicable to limit	(9,535,954)	(9,089,670)	(8,653,702)
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 106,559,280	\$ 112,224,774	\$ 124,690,826
Total Net Debt as a Percentage of Debt Margin	8.95%	8.10%	6.94%

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 14

Year	Population	Personal Income	P	r Capita ersonal ncome	Unemployment Rate
2013	4,929	\$376,905,843	\$	76,467	5.3%
2014	4,964	386,819,700		77,925	3.8%
2015	5,214	413,334,636		79,274	3.5%
2016	5,287	430,869,352		81,496	3.7%
2017	5,190	493,460,010		95,079	3.0%
2018	5,248	457,410,432		87,159	3.2%
2019	5,425	479,119,725		88,317	2.1%
2020	5,447	428,117,859		78,597	6.4%
2021	5,045	396,521,865		78,597	3.7%
2022	5,037	425,011,986		84,378	3.9%

Population and personal income information obtained from the U.S Census Bureau. Unemployment rate obtained from the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the City of San Antonio metropolitan area.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

TABLE 15

		2022			2013	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total City			of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Joint Base San Antonio (JBSA)						
Lackland, Fort Sam & Randolph*	74,289	1	7.14%	80,165	1, 2, 7	7.92%
HEB Food Stores	20,000	2	1.92%	20,000	3	2.02%
USAA	19,000	3	1.83%	17,000	4	1.72%
Northside ISD	13,644	4	1.31%	12,751	5	1.29%
Methodist Healthcare	12,500	5	1.20%	8,000	9	0.81%
City of San Antonio	11,042	6	1.06%	11,731	6	1.19%
North East ISD	8,600	7	0.83%	10,522	8	1.06%
San Antonio ISD	7,410	8	0.71%	7,374	10	0.75%
Baptist Health Systems	6,162	9	0.59%			
Wells Fargo	5,152	10	0.50%			
Total	177,799		17.09%	167,543		16.76%

The City of Terrell Hills is surrounded by the City of San Antonio and no data is available for the employers in Terrell Hills. The above data is for San Antonio.

Source: Economic Development Foundation

^{*} In Fiscal Year 2019, Lackland, Fort Sam and Randolph military operations were consolidated into Joint Base San Antonio. In fiscal year 2013, the employee counts were 37,097, 32,000, and 11,068, respectively.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 16

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of December 31,

Fiscal Year Ending				Development	
December, 31	Administration	Police	Fire	Public Works	Total
2022	4	15	16	14	49
2021	4	16	16	14	50
2020	4	16	16	15	51
2019	4	16	16	14	50
2018	4	16	16	17	53
2017	3	17	16	17	53
2016	3	17	16	15	51
2015	3	17	16	15	51
2014	3	16	16	15	50
2013	5	16	16	15	52

Source: City Adopted Budget Authorized Positions

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year			
Function	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Government				
Building Permits Issued	1,038	955	891	1,043
Police				
CFS	2,299	2,392	2,588	2,807
Arrests	13	16	15	19
Traffic Violations	1,361	768	705	909
Traffic Citations	559	284	397	371
Accidents	48	52	50	48
Fire				
Emergency Responses	560	629	685	667
Number of Rescue/Other Responses	550	616	669	647
Non-emergency response/Service Calls	42	22	52	60
Number of Fire Responses	10	13	16	20
Number of Inspections	140	179	243	157
Number of Pre-Plan Inspections	66	68	68	68
Number of Training Classes Conducted	183	186	222	247

Source: City Departments

TABLE 17

Fiscal Year

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
944	762	780	1,202	995	889		
2,591	2,390	2,413	2,160	2,191	2,233		
23	21	12	14	18	22		
542	1,262	571	186	299	428		
166	421	145	6	25	54		
43	27	36	22	29	33		
725	672	725	462	525	518		
716	671	718	451	516	471		
78	76	49	47	49	47		
9	1	7	11	9	7		
223	182	164	76	84	100		
66	68	68	34	33	34		
283	348	208	192	222	214		
203	5.10	_00	1,72		21.		

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		•			
Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government					
Acreage	1.34	1.34	1.34	1.34	1.34
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1
Administration					
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	2	2	1	1	1
Police					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	7	6	7	7	9
Fire					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	3	4	3	3	3
Development Services & Public Works					
Streets (miles of paved)	32	32	32	32	32
Number of Parks	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	8	8	9	7	7

Source: City Departments

Note: The City Hall, Police Department, and Fire Department all share one building.

Fiscal	Vear
т is си	теяг

riscai Year						
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
1.34	1.34	1.34	1.34	1.34		
1	1	1	1	1		
1	1	1	1	1		
1	1	1	1	0		
1	1	1	1	1		
9	10	6	6	5		
1	1	1	1	1		
3	3	3	4	4		
32	32	32	32	32		
1	1	1	1	1		
8	8	8	8	8		

