

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2021

OFFICIALS ISSUING REPORT

Bill Foley City Manager

Michelle Pack Assistant City Manager



CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

City of Terrell Hills

5100 N. NEW BRAUNFELS SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78209 (210) 824-7401 • FAX (210) 822-2297

March 11, 2022

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and the Citizens of the City of Terrell Hills:

State law requires that local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (US GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Terrell Hills for the Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2021.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Terrell Hills. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Terrell Hills has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Terrell Hills' financial statements in conformity with US GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Terrell Hills comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Terrell Hills' financial statements have been audited by Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates P.C. a firm of licensed professional certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Terrell Hills for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Terrell Hills' financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with US GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Terrell Hills' MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Terrell Hills, incorporated in 1939, is located in the central part of Texas, The City of Terrell Hills currently occupies a land area of 1.6 square miles with a population of 5,045 in 2021. The City of Terrell Hills is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The City of Terrell Hills has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1957. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of the mayor and 4 other members. The City Council is responsible for establishing public policy on City matters by the passage of appropriate ordinances and resolutions. The City Manager is responsible for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, implementing policy established by City Council, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve two-year staggered terms, with two council members elected every two years. The mayor is elected to serve a two-year term every two years. The mayor and all four council members are elected at large.

The City of Terrell Hills provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, garbage and recycle collection, and the maintenance of streets.

The annual budget and five-year forecast serve as the foundation for the City of Terrell Hills' financial planning and control. All city departments are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager by August of each year. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents the proposed budget to the council for review before September 1st. The council then holds public hearings and community meetings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by December 31st. The fiscal year for Terrell Hills is from January 1 through December 31. The appropriated budget is prepared by each department (e.g. police). Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. The City Manager may make transfers between departments and funds with City Council approval. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on page 42 as part of the required supplementary information.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Terrell Hills operates.

Local economy. The City of Terrell Hills enjoys a favorable economic environment and leading indicators point to continued growth. In December 2021, the unemployment rate was 3.7%. While an increase from recent years, the unemployment rate is better than the national average. Within the City limits, the labor market includes a workforce of approximately 3,700 well trained workers.

The City of Terrell Hills is a primarily residential community with very little commercial activity. There is a small, steady stream of revenue from sales tax of a few local businesses and deliveries to homes.

Long-term financial planning. The community approved bond propositions in November 2010 for improvements to streets and infrastructure, and for a new City Hall Complex. The City annually funds the capital projects fund (for street improvements) and the equipment replacement fund. The City's plan is to use these annual transfers to build up funds for future capital needs, limiting the need for bonds in the future.

Financial Information

Internal Control. Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to provide adequate accounting information compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of an internal control should not exceed the benefits derived from the internal control. The City utilizes financial accounting software which is designed with a system of internal controls. These controls are continually being reevaluated to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurances.

Budget Controls. The City also utilizes budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with the adopted budget approved by the City Council as mandated by the city charter and state law. Activities of all funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the department level. However, budgetary accounting is maintained on a line-item basis.

Other Financial Information:

Independent Audit. An independent audit is performed every year of the general ledger, accounts, financial records, and transactions of all city departments. The audit is completed by an independent certified public accounting firm selected by the City Council. The City is in compliance with this requirement and the independent auditor's report by Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants, has been included in this report.

Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Terrell Hills for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. This was the firth year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the finance department. We would like to express our appreciation to all staff who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

In addition, without the assistance of each and every department head on staff, we would have none of the successes we've enjoyed. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support for the City Manager and staff.

Respectfully submitted,

Well S. Jelo 2V

William Foley

City Manager

Michelle Pack

Assistant City Manager

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CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

CITY OFFICIALS

MAYOR JOHN LOW

MAYOR PRO-TEM KATE LANFEAR

CITY COUNCIL EMMY BALLANTYNE

BILL MITCHELL PETER MAKO

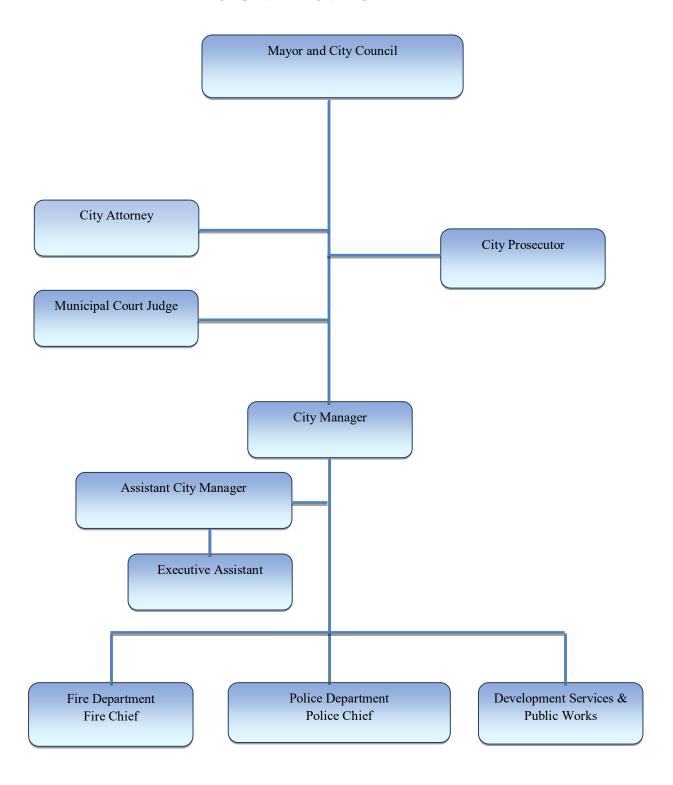
CITY MANAGER BILL FOLEY

ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER MICHELLE PACK

CITY ATTORNEY FRANK GARZA

DAVIDSON, TROILO, REAM & GARZA

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Terrell Hills Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION



Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Terrell Hills, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Terrell Hills, as of December 31, 2021, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Terrell Hills' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Terrell Hills, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of City of Terrell Hills and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City of Terrell Hills' management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Terrell Hills' ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Terrell Hills' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Terrell Hills' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule, schedule of changes – net pension liability, schedule of employer pension contributions and schedule of changes – total other postemployment benefit liability, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Terrell Hills' basic financial statements. The individual fund statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund statements are the responsibility of management and are derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the transmittal letter and statistical section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Aronstony, Vauspan & Associates, P.C.

March 11, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Terrell Hills, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Terrell Hills for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Terrell Hills exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$14.8 million (net position). Of this amount, \$7.4 million is unrestricted for the City's ongoing operations.

During the year, the City's expenses were \$1.4 million less than the \$7.9 million generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities. The total cost of the City's programs decreased 0.2% from the prior year. Minimal program changes were made for the 2021 year.

The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$5.5 million, an increase of \$253 thousand. Several departments were well under budget for the year and revenues beat expectations, particularly property taxes and permits.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Terrell Hills is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Terrell Hills that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Terrell Hills include public safety, public works and general administration. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees and charges for services finance most of these activities. The City does not currently have any business-type activities.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Terrell Hills, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City has only one kind of fund: governmental.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Terrell Hills maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the capital projects fund, the debt service fund, equipment replacement fund, and ARPA grant fund, all of which are considered to be major funds, and the Police Forfeiture fund, which are considered to be non-major funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's general fund budgetary schedule. The City of Terrell Hills adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Terrell Hills, assets exceeded liabilities by \$14.8 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the City's total net position (42%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, plus bond proceeds that have not yet been spent. The City of Terrell Hills uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for operational type of future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's total net position (8.5%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$7.4 million, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Terrell Hills is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position. Overall, the Government's financial position has increased from the prior year.

Table A-1City of Terrell Hills Net Position

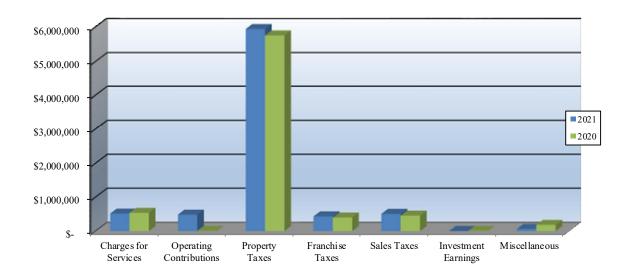
	Govern	Governmental			
	Activ	Activities			
	2021	2020	2021-2020		
Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$ 7,232,354	\$ 7,254,138	-0.3%		
Receivables	3,838,928	2,903,249	32.2%		
Prepaids and Other Assets	567,910	92,995	510.7%		
Capital Assets (Net)	12,894,605	12,935,958	-0.3%		
Total Assets	24,533,797	23,186,340	5.8%		
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Deferred Outflows:	874,179	918,671	-4.8%		
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities	1,552,299	932,243	66.5%		
Long-Term Liabilities	8,679,662	9,402,477	-7.7%		
Total Liabilities	10,231,961	10,334,720	-1.0%		
Deferred Inflows:	405,902	428,705	-5.3%		
Net Position:					
Net Investment in capital assets	6,163,201	5,676,222	8.6%		
Restricted	1,249,226	811,964	53.9%		
Unrestricted	7,357,686	6,853,400	7.4%		
Total Net Position	\$ 14,770,113	\$ 13,341,586	10.7%		

Governmental activities expenses decreased, primarily from changes in pension benefits in the prior year, while revenues increased, primarily from higher property tax values and coronavirus funding. The following table indicates changes in net position for governmental activities and is followed by graphs displaying total revenues and expenses by type.

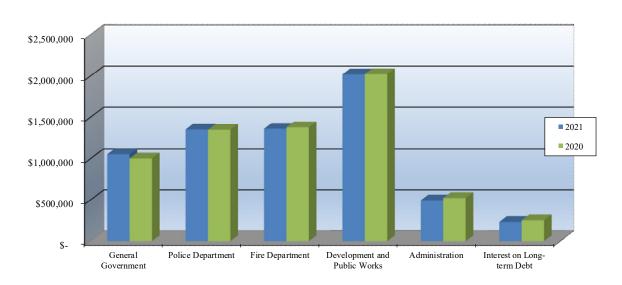
Table A-2Changes in City of Terrell Hills Net Position

	Govern	Percentage	
	Activ	Change	
	2021	2020	2021-2020
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 513,199	\$ 535,612	-4.2%
Operating Contributions	482,093	5,921	8042.1%
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	5,946,932	5,757,903	3.3%
Franchise Taxes	432,083	396,917	8.9%
Sales Taxes	505,102	453,257	11.4%
Investment Earnings	2,808	8,057	-65.1%
Miscellaneous	63,316	181,793	-65.2%
Total Revenues	7,945,533	7,339,460	8.3%
General Government	1,054,135	1,002,940	5.1%
Police Department	1,351,156	1,348,265	0.2%
Fire Department	1,360,151	1,377,123	-1.2%
Development and Public Works	2,021,428	2,023,737	-0.1%
Administration	495,781	524,433	-5.5%
Interest on Long-term Debt	234,355	254,094	-7.8%
Total Expenses	6,517,006	6,530,592	-0.2%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	1,428,527	808,868	76.6%
Net Position at Beginning of Year	13,341,586	12,532,718	6.5%
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 14,770,113	\$ 13,341,586	10.7%

TOTAL REVENUES-GOVERNMENT-WIDE



TOTAL EXPENSES-GOVERNMENT-WIDE

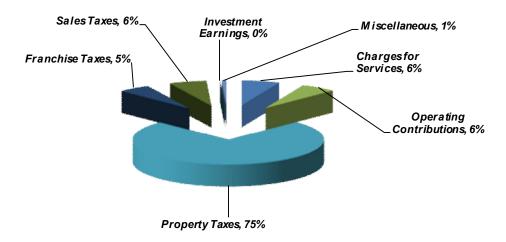


Operating contributions increased in 2021 as the City received significant federal forfeitures on operations conducted by the police department. These funds will be used to provide additional equipment and resources to improve the police department.

Expenses were comparable to the prior year as the City made no significant changes to government services compared to 2020.

Revenues-Governmental Activities (Continued)

Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Terrell Hills uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9.9 million. Of this total amount, \$5.5 million constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, or committed to indicate that it is set aside for specific purposes (debt service, police, street maintenance, and equipment replacement).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Terrell Hills. At the end of the current fiscal year, balance of the general fund increased of \$253 thousand from cost saving measures in most departments and better than expected revenues. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 103% of total general fund expenditures, not including capital.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$687 thousand all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year in the debt service fund was \$41 thousand

The capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$1.7 million. The City completed the streets started in 2020 and started another round of street repairs in 2021. This project will continue into 2022.

The equipment replacement fund has a total fund balance of \$1.4 million. The City has scheduled out replacements of vehicles and equipment. Contributions are being made from the general fund so that resources will be available to replace equipment according to the cycle.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General Fund revenues exceeded the budget by \$547 thousand as a result of sales tax and permit revenues exceeding expectations. Property tax collections were also higher than the conservative budget expected. The General Fund expenditures were \$255 thousand less than the \$5.5 million budget. This was the result of cost savings across the General Fund. Revenues exceeded the budget by \$547 thousand based on conservative budgeting. Overall, the fund balance increased \$253 thousand compared to a budgeted decreased of \$550,000.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. At the end of 2021 the City had invested \$27.0 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. Significant additions in 2021 include completing the street project and several vehicles. (See Table A-3). More information about the City's capital assets is presented in Notes A10 and E, pages 24 and 29.

Table A-3City's Capital Assets

	Governmental				Percentage	
		Activ	ities		Change	
		2021		2020	2021-2020	
Land	\$	641,149	\$	641,149	0.0%	
Construction in Progress		125,117		266,512	-53.1%	
Buildings		4,703,193		4,703,193	0.0%	
Vehicles and Equipment	1,644,416		1,644,416 1,619,678		1.5%	
Infrastructure	19,793,944		1	8,643,734	6.2%	
Furniture and Fixtures	154,333		154,333 138,503		11.4%	
Totals at Historical Cost	27,062,152		27,062,152 26,012,769		4.0%	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(14	4,167,547)	(1.	3,076,811)	8.3%	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1	2,894,605	\$ 1	12,935,958	-0.3%	_

Long-Term Debt. At year-end, the City had \$7.1 million in bonds outstanding as shown in Table A-4. No new debt was issued in 2021. More detailed information about the City's debt is presented in Notes A14 and G, pages 25 and 30.

Table A-4City's Long Term Debt

		Govern	Percentage		
		Activ	Change		
	2021 2020			2020	2021-2020
Bonds Payable	\$	7,085,837	\$	7,696,223	-7.9%
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	7,085,837	\$	7,696,223	-7.9%

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The 2022 budget was prepared with an estimated assessed taxable value increase of 2.54% over the 2021 assessed taxable value. The property tax rate for 2022 is estimated to be the same (\$0.365), but it will not be set until mid-year. General fund revenues are expected decrease to \$6.3 million in the 2022 budget. General fund expenditures are expected to increase to \$5.9 million, primarily due to the salary and personnel changes. Transfers of \$1,059,000 are budgeted in 2022 to save for future equipment replacement and street projects.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the City of Terrell Hills citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Manager by phone at 210-824-7401.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Governmental
Lagrama	Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,232,354
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	
Property Taxes	3,687,050
Sales and Franchise Taxes	151,878
Prepaid Expenses	30,432
Restricted Cash - Police Department	537,478
Total Current Assets	11,639,192
Noncurrent Assets:	
Land	641,149
Construction in Progress	125,117
Buildings, Infrastructure, and Equipment (net)	12,128,339
Total Noncurrent Assets	12,894,605
TOTAL ASSETS	24,533,797
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
Deferred Loss on Debt Refunding	354,433
Deferred OPEB Related Outflows	44,829
Deferred Pension Related Outflows	474,917
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$ 874,179

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Activities
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 30,518
Accrued Vacation Payable	145,460
Accrued Interest Payable	90,217
Unearned Grant Revenue	650,718
Bond Payable - Due within One Year	635,386
Total Current Liabilities	1,552,299
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Net Pension Liability	2,036,320
Total Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability	192,891
Bond Payable - Due in more than One Year	6,450,451
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	8,679,662
TOTAL LIABILITIES	10,231,961
DEFERRED INFLOWS	
Deferred Pension Related Inflows	394,179
Deferred OPEB Related Inflows	11,723
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	405,902
NET POSTERON	
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,163,201
Restricted for Debt Service	711,748
Restricted for Police Department	537,478
Unrestricted	7,357,686
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 14,770,113



CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

						Net Revenue (Expense) and
						Changes in
			Program	nues	Net Position	
			<u> </u>			Primary
				O	perating	Government
		Ch	arges for		rants and	Governmental
Functions and Programs	 Expenses	S	ervices	Co	ntributions	Activities
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 1,054,135	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (1,054,135)
Police Department	1,351,156		9,294		482,093	(859,769)
Fire Department	1,360,151		-		-	(1,360,151)
Development and Public Works	2,021,428		503,905		-	(1,517,523)
Administration	495,781		-		-	(495,781)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	 234,355		_			(234,355)
Total Governmental Activities	 6,517,006		513,199		482,093	(5,521,714)
Total Government	\$ 6,517,006	\$	513,199	\$	482,093	(5,521,714)
General Revenues:						
Taxes:						
General Property Taxes						5,946,932
Franchise Taxes						432,083
Sales Taxes						505,102
Interest and Investment Earnings						2,808
Miscellaneous						63,316
Total General Revenues						6,950,241
Change in Net Position						1,428,527
Net Position at Beginning of Year						13,341,586
Net Position at End of Year						\$ 14,770,113

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Major Funds					
	Capital					
	General Projects Fund Fund		Projects	Debt Service		
				Fund	Fund	
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,089,962	\$	1,697,000	\$	349,736
Receivables:						
Property Taxes (Net of Uncollectibles)		3,234,821		-		452,229
Sales and Franchise Taxes Receivable		137,533		14,345		-
Prepaid Items		30,432				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,492,748	\$	1,711,345	\$	801,965
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\mathbf{S}					
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	30,518	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued Vacation Payable		145,460		-		-
Deferred Revenue						-
Total Liabilities		175,978				
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue		827,201				114,618
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Items		30,432		-		-
Restricted for:						
Debt Service		-		-		687,347
Police Forfeiture		-		-		-
Committed for:						
Street Improvements		-		1,711,345		-
Equipment Replacement		-		-		-
Unassigned		5,459,137		-		-
Total Fund Balances		5,489,569		1,711,345		687,347
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED						
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND						
FUND BALANCES	\$	6,492,748	\$	1,711,345	\$	801,965

eplacement	-	ARPA Police Governme			overnmental	
 Fund		Fund	F	orfeiture		Funds
\$ 1,444,938	\$	650,718	\$	537,478	\$	7,769,832
-		-		-		3,687,050
-		-		-		151,878
 					-	30,432
\$ 1,444,938	\$	650,718	\$	537,478	\$	11,639,192
\$ _	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,518
-		-		-		145,460
 _		650,718		_		650,718
		650,718				1,477,414
 						941,819
-		-		-		30,432
						687,347
- -		- -		537,478		537,478
				,		
-		-		-		1,711,345
1,444,938		-		-		1,444,938
						5,459,137
 1,444,938				537,478		9,870,677
\$ 1,444,938	\$	650,718	\$	537,478	\$	11,639,192

Nonmajor

Total

Major Fund

Equipment



CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 9,870,677
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Pos are different because:	sition	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	and,	
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		12,894,605
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expend	itures	
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Property Taxes Receivable not Collected within 60 Days		941,819
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and capital lease payables are not du	ie	
and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the		
governmental funds.	(
Bonds Payable	(6,825,000)	
Deferred Loss on Debt Refunding	354,433	
Unamortized Premiums	(260,837)	(6,731,404)
Net pension liabilities (and related deferred outflows and inflows of resour	rces) do not	
consume current financial resources and are not reported in the funds.		
Net Pension Liability	(2,036,320)	
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	474,917	
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	(394,179)	(1,955,582)
Total other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liabilities (and related deferre	ed	
outflows and inflows of resources) do not consume current financial resources		
and are not reported in the funds.		
Total OPEB Liability	(192,891)	
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows	44,829	
OPEB Related Deferred Inflows	(11,723)	(159,785)
Accrued interest payable on long-term-bonds is not due and payable in the	e current	
period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	Content	(90,217)
period and, mererore, not reported in the funds.		(90,217)
TOTAL NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 14,770,113

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Major Funds						
	Capital			Debt			
		General	Projects Fund		5	Service	
		Fund			Fund		
REVENUES		_					
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	5,213,936	\$	-	\$	726,463	
Sales Tax		404,082		101,020		-	
Franchise Tax		432,083		-		-	
Charges for Services		503,905		-		-	
Fines and Forfeitures		9,294		-		-	
Other		37,550				-	
TOTAL REVENUES	_	6,600,850		101,020		726,463	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government		1,044,045		-		-	
Police Department		1,357,594		-		-	
Fire Department		1,364,806		-		-	
Development and Public Works		1,112,088		-		-	
Administration		381,611		-		-	
Capital Outlay		29,611		1,004,064		-	
Debt Service:							
Principal		-		-		550,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges						217,270	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,289,755		1,004,064		767,270	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,311,095		(903,044)		(40,807)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)						
Sale of Capital Assets		1,215		-		-	
Transfers In (Out)		(1,059,000)		900,000		-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)		(1,057,785)		900,000			
Net Change in Fund Balance		253,310		(3,044)		(40,807)	
FUND BALANCES - JANUARY 1		5,236,259		1,714,389		728,154	
FUND BALANCES - DECEMBER 31	\$	5,489,569	\$	1,711,345	\$	687,347	

Ma	Major Fund Nonr		
Equipment		_	Total
Replacemen	t ARPA	Police	Governmental
Fund	Fund	Forfeiture	Funds
\$ -	- \$	\$ -	\$ 5,940,399
-	-	-	505,102
-	-	-	432,083
-	-	-	503,905
-	-	482,093	491,387
	24,127	<u> </u>	61,677
-	24,127	482,093	7,934,553
			1 044 045
-	-	0.002	1,044,045
-	-	8,902	1,366,496
-	-	-	1,364,806
-	10.277	-	1,112,088
-	19,377		400,988
99,035	4,750	-	1,137,460
-		-	550,000
	<u> </u>		217,270
99,035	24,127	8,902	7,193,153
(99,035	<u> </u>	473,191	741,400
40,025	-	-	41,240
159,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
199,025	; -	-	41,240
	_	472 101	
99,990	-	473,191	782,640
1,344,948	<u> </u>	64,287	9,088,037
\$ 1,444,938	\$ -	\$ 537,478	\$ 9,870,677

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 782,640

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital Outlay	1,132,296	
Depreciation	(1,136,857)	(4,561)

Governmental funds report gross proceeds from the sale of capital assets, however in the statement of actitivies, the proceeds are reduced by the net book value of the capital assets disposed.

(36,792)

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

6,531

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the net effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities:

Principal Payments 550,000

Governmental funds report required contributions to employee pensions and other other post employment benefits as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities the cost of these pensions are recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that contributions exceeded (or were exceeded by) the actuarially determined plan expenses.

Pension Plan	162,959	
Other Postemployment Benefits	(15,165)	147,794
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		

Amortization of Deferred Loss on Debt Refunding	(82,054)	
Amortization of Bond Premiums	60,386	
Change in Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt	4,583	(17,085)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$1,428,527

current financial reso governmental funds:

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

1. REPORTING ENTITY

In evaluating how to define the government for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" and GASB Statement 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus (an amendment of GASB 14). The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The City has no component units.

2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The **government-wide financial statements** include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the City. The effect of interfund transfers, if any, has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for governmental funds. The General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Equipment Replacement Fund, and Debt Service Fund meet the criteria of a *major governmental fund*. These funds are reflected in single columns in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue types, which have been accrued, are revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs and investment earnings.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue. Property taxes which were levied and collected within 60 days of the fiscal period are considered revenue. Taxes receivable but not collected within 60 days are used to finance the budget of the subsequent fiscal year and, accordingly, have been reflected as unavailable revenue (a deferred inflow of resources) and in the fund financial statements. Sales and franchise tax revenues are also susceptible to accrual if expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, sales tax, and franchise taxes. Primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, public facilities, municipal court and capital acquisition.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all funds collected and disbursed for the street improvements, municipal complex renovation, and other capital projects.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all funds collected and disbursed in the retirement of governmental debt.

The Equipment Replacement Fund is used to account for all funds collected for equipment repair and replacement for police, emergency services, and public works.

The ARPA Fund is used to account for resources received from the American Rescue Plan. The grant is refundable to the federal government if not spent in accordance with grant provisions. The City anticipates the funds will be used for mostly capital projects.

The City reports the Police Forfeiture Fund as a nonmajor governmental fund.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the City to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies, and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (e). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations.

Investments are stated at fair value (plus accrued interest) except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts (U.S. Treasuries) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Certain cash balances (such as debt service collections) are restricted for specific purposes. Unless that purpose is narrower than the purpose of the fund, cash is reported as unrestricted.

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1, become due October 1 and are past due after the following January 31. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the City. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by the court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as unearned revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

6. ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

Allowances have been established by management based on best available information for a variety of receivables. Allowances for uncollectible taxes in the General Fund and Debt Service Fund have been recorded in the amount of \$16,771 and \$3,728, respectively.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

7. PREPAID ITEMS/EXPENSES

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2021 are recorded under the consumption method. Payments in advance are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. These payments are reported as expenditures when the services or goods are consumed.

8. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. Any residual balances between funds have been eliminated in the government-wide statements.

9. BUDGET

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for all City funds, however only the General and Debt Service budgets are legally adopted. The budget is adopted on the GAAP basis of accounting. Additional budgetary information is provided in the required supplementary information.

10. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Infrastructure assets include City-owned streets, sidewalks, curbs and bridges. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value.

The Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property plant and equipment.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements

Drainage Improvements

Vehicles and Equipment

Streets

20 to 50 years
40 to 50 years
5 to 15 years
15 to 20 years

11. DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period while a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position. These items are presented in separate sections following assets (deferred outflows) or liabilities (deferred inflows) on the statement of net position.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

12. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and fund statements consist of unpaid accumulated leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for employees who are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Vacation benefits expire annually on employee anniversary dates. Thus, all vacation balances are expected to consume current financial resources and are accrued on both the fund and government-wide statements. The liability for compensated absences is typically liquidated by the General Fund.

13. UNAVAILABLE REVENUE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenues not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as unavailable revenue (a deferred inflow of resources).

Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grant and reimbursement revenues, if any, received in advance of expenses/expenditures are reflected as unearned revenue.

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities in the statement of net position. On new bond issues, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bond. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

15. PENSIONS

The net pension liability, deferred inflows, and outflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), and additions to and deductions from TMRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

16. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The total other postemployment benefit liability of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) supplemental death benefit have been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions or deductions from the fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as the OPEB is a pay-as-you-go plan.

17. FUND EQUITY

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable - Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

Restricted - Represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Represents amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (adoption of an ordinance) of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (City Council). Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned - Represents amounts which the City intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. The City Council has authority to make assignments; In 2019, the council delegated to the City Manager and Assistant City Manager the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Such assignments cannot exceed the available fund balance in any particular fund.

Unassigned - Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the City. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount, as it is not appropriate in other governmental funds. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the City considers restricted balances spent first, committed second and assigned third.

18. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

19. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Legally authorized transfers, if any, are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of Governmental Funds.

20. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B -- CASH AND INVESTMENTS

1. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledge securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. At December 31, 2021, all of the City's deposits were fully collateralized.

2. Investments

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area, conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements, disclosed that the City's investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies adhered to the requirements of the Act.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The City had no investments as of December 31, 2021.

NOTE B -- CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and, if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

- a. Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.
- b. Concentration of Credit Risk The risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the City was not exposed to a concentration of credit risk.
- c. Interest Rate Risk This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk.
- d. Custodial Credit Risk Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. At year end, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE C -- PROPERTY TAXES

The City's property tax is levied and becomes collectible each October 1 based on the assessed values listed as of the prior January 1, which is the date a lien attaches to all taxable property in the City. Assessed values are established by the Bexar County Appraisal District. Assessed values are reduced by lawful exemptions to arrive at taxable values. The total taxable value as of January 01, 2021, upon which the fiscal 2021 levy was based was \$1.659 billion (i.e., market value less exemptions). The market value was \$1.618 billion, making the taxable value 97.5% of the estimated market value.

NOTE C -- PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The City is permitted by the Constitution of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for all governmental purposes. Pursuant to a decision of the Attorney General of the State of Texas, up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation may be used for the payment of long-term debt. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt, for the year ended December 31, 2021, was \$0.365000 per \$100 of assessed value, which means that the City has a tax margin of \$2.135000 for each \$100 of assessed value and could increase its annual levy by approximately \$34 million based upon present assessed valuation before the limit is reached. However, the City is generally limited to a 3.5% annual increase in the property tax rate for maintenance and operations without obtaining voter approval.

NOTE D – RESTRICTED CASH

Cash is reported as restricted when it has restrictions on its use narrower than the purpose of the fund in which it is reported. As of December 31, 2021, restricted cash consists of amounts for the police department from forfeiture activities.

NOTE E -- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Balances at			Transfers/		Balances at		
Governmental Activities	1/1	/2021	Additions		Disposals		12/31/2021	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	641,149	\$	-	\$	-	\$	641,149
Construction in Progress		266,512		1,008,815		(1,150,210)		125,117
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		907,661		1,008,815		(1,150,210)		766,266
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements	4,	703,193		-		-		4,703,193
Vehicles and Equipment	1,	619,678		107,651		(82,913)		1,644,416
Infrastructure	18,	643,734		-		1,150,210		19,793,944
Furniture and Fixtures		138,503		15,830				154,333
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	25,	105,108		123,481		1,067,297		26,295,886
Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings and Improvements	(749,031)		(97,497)		-		(846,528)
Vehicles and Equipment	(9	973,991)		(115,684)		46,121		(1,043,555)
Furniture and Fixtures	(111,060)		(11,505)		-		(122,565)
Infrastructure	(11,	242,728)		(912,171)				(12,154,899)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(13,	076,811)	(1,136,857)		46,121		(14,167,547)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	12,	028,297	(1,013,376)		1,113,418		12,128,339
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$ 12,	935,958	\$	(4,561)	\$	(36,792)	\$	12,894,605

NOTE E -- CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation Expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 10,089
Police Department	39,180
Fire Department	41,461
Development and Public Works	936,430
Administration	109,696
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,136,857

NOTE F -- COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The changes in accrued compensated absences for the year ending December 31, 2021 were as follows:

]	Balance					В	alance		
Governmental	Οι	utstanding					Out	tstanding	Dι	ie Within
Activities	1	/1/2021	A	dditions	Retirements		12/31/2021		One Yea	
								_		
Compensated Absences	\$	154,159	\$	137,752	\$	(146,451)	\$	145,460	\$	145,460
The General Fund is responsible for liquidating compensated absences.										

NOTE G -- LONG-TERM DEBT

In July 2016, the City issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 for \$7,375,000 to partially refund the series 2011 General Obligation Bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2031 and bear interest rates ranging from 1.95% to 4%. The bonds were privately placed with a bank and contain no subjective acceleration clauses, events of default with finance-related consequences, or termination events with finance-related consequences.

On advance refundings, the difference between the carrying amount of debt and the payment to the escrow agent to defease the debt is recorded as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position. The deferred outflow is amortized over the shorter of the defeased debts remaining term of the refunding obligations term.

NOTE G -- LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Changes in the City's long-term debt during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance outstanding 1/1/2021	Additions Retirements			О	Balance utstanding 2/31/2021	Due Within One Year		
2016 Series Unamortized Premiums	\$ 7,375,000 321,223	\$	-	\$	(550,000) (60,386)	\$	6,825,000 260,837	\$	575,000 60,386
Totals	\$ 7,696,223	\$	_	\$	(610,386)	\$	7,085,837	\$	635,386

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of December 31, 2021, including interest payments, are as follows:

Year End December 31	Principal]	Interest	Total		
2022	\$	575,000	\$	194,020	\$	769,020	
2023		605,000		170,420		775,420	
2024		620,000		145,920		765,920	
2025		650,000		120,520		770,520	
2026		680,000		93,920		773,920	
2027-2031		3,695,000		210,463		3,905,463	
Total	\$	6,825,000	\$	935,263	\$	7,760,263	

NOTE H -- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Texas Municipal Retirement System

Plan Description

The City participates as one of 895 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the state of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the system with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS retirement system

NOTE H -- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	34
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	58
Active employees	50
	142

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ending December 31, 2021, employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The City's matching ratio is 2 to 1. The contribution rates for the City were 15.38% and 15.66% in calendar years 2020 and 2021, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended December 31, 2021 were \$474,917 and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE H -- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year

Overall Payroll Growth 2.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any

Investment Rate of Return* 6.75%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2109 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive).

^{*} Presented net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTE H -- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long-Term

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
	Rate of Return
Target Allocation	(Arithmetic)
30%	5.30%
10%	1.25%
20%	4.14%
10%	3.85%
10%	4.00%
10%	3.48%
10%	7.75%
100%	
	30% 10% 20% 10% 10% 10%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

NOTE H -- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The below schedule presents the changes in the Net Pension Liability as of December 31, 2020:

	Total Pension		Pla	ın Fiduciary	Net Pension		
		Liability	Net Position			Liability	
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	15,612,846	\$	13,457,812	\$	2,155,034	
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost		497,721		-		497,721	
Interest		1,048,784		-		1,048,784	
Change of Benefit Terms		-		-		-	
Difference Between Expected and							
Actual Experience		6,426		-		6,426	
Changes of Assumptions		-		-		-	
Contributions - Employer		-		451,620		(451,620)	
Contributions - Employee		-		205,549		(205,549)	
Net Investment Income		-		1,021,344		(1,021,344)	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds							
of Employee Contributions		(648,326)		(648,326)		-	
Administrative Expense		-		(6,610)		6,610	
Other Changes				(258)		258	
Net Changes		904,605		1,023,319		(118,714)	
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	16,517,451	\$	14,481,131	\$	2,036,320	

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Dis	scount Rate	Dis	scount Rate	Dis	count Rate
		5.75%		6.75%	7.75%	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	4,761,387	\$	2,036,320	\$	(143,116)

The net pension liability will be serviced with the resources of the General Fund.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

NOTE H -- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$311,960. Also as of December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		\mathbf{D}	eferred
	Ou	tflows of	Inf	flows of
	Re	esources	Re	esources
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Economic Experience	\$	-	\$	6,479
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		-		7,767
Differences Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings		-		379,933
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		474,917		-
	\$	474,917	\$	394,179

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$474,917 are related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year ended December 31,	
2022	\$ (146,182)
2023	(3,244)
2024	(222,164)
2025	(22,589)
2026	
Total	\$ (394,179)

NOTE I -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The city elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The city may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The General Fund is typically used to liquidate the supplemental death benefits fund liability.

NOTE I -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (CONTINUED)

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB. Membership in the plan at December 31, 2020 (the valuation and measurement date) consisted of:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	24
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	9
Active employees	50
	83

The city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. Contribution rates were as follows:

	Total	Retiree
Calendar Year	Contribution	Portion
2019	0.20%	0.03%
2020	0.18%	0.04%
2021	0.22%	0.11%

These contribution rates are based on actuarial assumptions developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. For calculating the OPEB liability and the OPEB contribution rates, the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. Based on the size of the city, rates are multiplied by an additional factor of 100.0%. These assumptions are summarized below:

Inflation Overall Payroll Growth Discount Rate Administrative Expenses	 2.5% per year 3.5 to 11.5% per year, including inflation 2.00% All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality Rates - Service Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Mortality Rates - Disabled Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

NOTE I -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (CONTINUED)

The changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability (TOL), based on the above actuarial factors, during the year ended December 31, 2020, were as follows:

	Tot	Total OPEB		
	I	Liability		
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	161,605		
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost		7,635		
Interest		4,533		
Change of Benefit Terms		-		
Difference Between Expected and				
Actual Experience		(6,740)		
Changes of Assumptions		27,033		
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds				
of Employee Contributions		(1,175)		
Net Changes		31,286		
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	192,891		

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits. The following presents the TOL of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2% as well as what the City's TOL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower and 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Disc	count Rate	Discount Rate		Disc	count Rate	
		1.00%		2.00%		3.00%	
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	239,036	\$	192,891	\$	157,965	

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$18,501. Also, as of December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	De	Deferred		Deferred	
	Ou	Outflows of		lows of	
	Re	esources	Resources		
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Economic Experience	\$	-	\$	11,723	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		41,493		-	
Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		3,336			
	\$	44,829	\$	11,723	

NOTE I -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (CONTINUED)

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$3,336 are related to OPEB benefits resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the total opeb liability for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year ended December 31,							
2022		6,333					
2023		6,333					
2024		6,333					
2025		4,782					
2026		5,430					
Thereafter		559					
Total	\$	29,770					

NOTE J -- INTERFUND TRANSFERS/BORROWINGS

As of December 31, 2021, the following transfers occurred:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount	Purpose
Capital Projects	General Fund	\$ 900,000	Commitment for future capital projects
Equipment Replacement	General Fund	159,000	Commitment for future equipment replacements

NOTE K -- TEXAS HIGHER EDUCATION AUTHORITY

On February 9, 1988, the City passed an ordinance creating a nonprofit corporation under Section 53.35(b) of The Texas Education Code. The creation of this nonprofit corporation established a Higher Education Authority (the Authority) for the purpose of assisting in the financing of University of The Incarnate Word. In December 1998, the City amended the articles of incorporation of the Authority in order to bring them into compliance with state law. The amendment allows the Authority to permit financing of accredited primary and secondary schools as provided by state law.

It is the opinion of legal counsel that bonds issued by this nonprofit corporation are secured solely from a pledge of the revenues derived by the local university for whose benefit the nonprofit corporation was established, resulting in no obligation for bonds by the City of Terrell Hills.

NOTE K -- TEXAS HIGHER EDUCATION AUTHORITY (CONTINUED)

In accordance with the terms establishing the nonprofit corporation, the City is not liable for any expenses incurred in establishing or administering the Higher Education Authority. The Higher Education Authority has issued the following obligation:

				Estimated
	Date of	Date of	Original	Amount
Entity	Issuance	_Maturity_	Issuance	Outstanding
Schreiner University	2010	2025	\$ 15,660,000	\$ 5,112,000
Total			\$ 15,660,000	\$ 5,112,000

The Texas Higher Education Authority is not consolidated into the financial Statements of the City of Terrell Hills because it does not meet the requirements of being treated as a component unit of the City under governmental accounting standards.

NOTE L -- RISK MANAGEMENT

The City has identified possible risk of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; job-related illnesses or injuries to employees; and other claims or various natures. The City contracts with the Texas Municipal League (TML) to provide insurance coverage for identified risks. TML is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of modified self-insurance and stop-loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by TML. Liability by the City is generally limited to the contributed amounts, although there are coverage limits of \$1,000,000 for general liability, law enforcement and errors and omissions.

NOTE M -- LITIGATION

The City is the subject of various claims and litigation that have arisen in the course of its operations. Management and legal counsel are of the opinion that the City's liability in these cases, if decided adversely to the City, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

NOTE N -- COMMITMENT

The City's next project began in 2021 along with a Generator project. The City entered into a contract with an engineer to perform the work for a total estimated amount of \$210 thousand. As of December 31, 2021, \$125 thousand had been incurred, leaving an estimated commitment of \$85 thousand. The project is funded by the capital projects fund balance.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Schedule of Changes Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Employer Contributions and Related Notes Defined Benefit Pension Plan
- Schedule of Changes Total Other Postemployment Benefit Liability and Related Ratios

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budget A	Amounts	2021	Variance With	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 4,946,485	\$ 4,946,485	\$5,213,936	\$ 267,451	
Sales Tax	300,000	300,000	404,082	104,082	
Franchise Fees	370,000	370,000	432,083	62,083	
Charges for Services	395,000	395,000	503,905	108,905	
Fines and Forfeitures	3,920	3,920	9,294	5,374	
Other	38,630	38,630	37,550	(1,080)	
TOTAL REVENUES	6,054,035	6,054,035	6,600,850	546,815	
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	1,116,226	1,116,226	1,044,045	72,181	
Police Department	1,410,039	1,410,039	1,357,594	52,445	
Fire Department	1,435,202	1,435,202	1,378,587	56,615	
Development and Public Works	1,194,674	1,194,674	1,127,918	66,756	
Administration	388,894	388,894	381,611	7,283	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,545,035	5,545,035	5,289,755	255,280	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	509,000	509,000	1,311,095	802,095	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	ES)				
Sale of Capital Assets	-	_	1,215	1,215	
Transfer Out	(1,059,000)	(1,059,000)	(1,059,000)	-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	(1,059,000)	(1,059,000)	(1,057,785)	1,215	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(550,000)	(550,000)	253,310	803,310	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	5,236,259	5,236,259	5,236,259		
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 4,686,259	\$ 4,686,259	\$5,489,569	\$ 803,310	

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DECEMBER 31, 2021

Budgetary Information — The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council and as such is a good management control device. The following funds have legally adopted annual budgets: General Fund and Debt Service Fund.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Actual expenditures did not exceed appropriations in the General Fund; however, the Debt Service Fund exceeded its budget by \$750.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES - NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SEVEN PLAN YEARS (BASED ON PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR PLAN VALUATIONS)

Total Pension Liability

		2014		2015		2016
Carrier Cart	ø	214210	Φ	246.645	Φ	245 205
Service Cost	\$	314,319	\$	346,645	\$	345,295
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		740,979		783,957		777,760
Changes of Benefit Terms Difference between Expected		-		-		-
and Actual Experience		(119,368)		(488,811)		68,815
Change of Assumptions		(119,308)		60,058		00,013
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of		-		00,038		-
Employee Contributions		(364,652)		(311 611)		(444.747)
	-			(311,611)		(444,747)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1.	571,278	1	390,238		747,123
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		0,610,585		1,181,863		11,572,101
Total Pension Liability - Ending	<u> </u>	1,181,863	\$ 1	1,572,101	.	12,319,224
Plan Fiducia:	rv N	et Position				
1 Wil I Rose	1) 11	2014		2015		2016
Contributions - Employer	\$	293,555	\$	314,534	\$	304,415
Contributions - Employee		140,682		145,956		144,274
Net Investment Income		523,524		14,370		668,615
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of						
Employee Contributions		(364,652)		(311,611)		(444,747)
Administrative Expense		(5,466)		(8,753)		(7,551)
Other		(449)		(433)		(407)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		587,194		154,063		664,599
Plan Fiduciary Net Postion - Beginning		9,151,461		9,738,655		9,892,718
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	9,738,655	\$	9,892,718	\$ 1	10,557,317
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$	1,443,208	\$	1,679,383	\$	1,761,907
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a						
Percentage of Total Pension Liability		87.09%		85.49%		85.70%
Covered Payroll	\$	2,344,697	\$	2,432,593	\$	2,404,558
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage						
of Covered Payroll		61.55%		69.04%		73.27%

Note: 11-year historical trend information is being developed prospectively and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Total Pension Liability										
2017	2018	2019	2020							
\$ 374,523	\$ 459,306	\$ 471,461	\$ 497,721							
823,547	929,757	989,150	1,048,784							
-	747,049	-	-							
120.520	(47,050)	(20.5(5)	(12(
129,539	(47,950)	(20,565)	6,426							
-	-	(16,029)	-							
(611,573)	(475,578)	(459,015)	(648,326)							
716,036	1,612,584	965,002	904,605							
12,319,224	13,035,260	14,647,844	15,612,846							
\$13,035,260	\$14,647,844	\$15,612,846	\$16,517,451							
	Plan Fiduciary	y Net Position								
2017	2018	2019	2020							
\$ 306,683	\$ 326,407	\$ 432,761	\$ 451,620							
157,005	163,067	197,737	205,549							
1,463,398	(355,415)	1,780,572 1,021								
(611,573)	(475,578)	(459,015)	(648,326)							
(7,583)	(6,869)	(10,060)	(6,610)							
(383)	(359)	(301)	(258)							
1,307,547	(348,747)	1,941,694	1,023,319							
10,557,317	11,864,864	11,516,117	13,457,812							
\$11,864,864	\$11,516,117	\$13,457,812	\$14,481,131							
\$ 1,170,396	\$ 3,131,727	\$ 2,155,034	\$ 2,036,320							
91.02%	78.62%	86.20%	87.67%							
\$ 2,609,916	\$ 2,717,789	\$ 2,824,810	\$ 2,936,408							
44.84%	115.23%	76.29%	69.35%							

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	A	ctuarially							Contributions
Fiscal Year	De	etermined	Coı	ntributions	Contri	bution			as Percent
Ending	Co	ntribution	In	Relation	Defic	Deficiency		Covered	of Covered
December 31,		(ADC)	to	the ADC	(Exc	(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll
2014	\$	293,555	\$	293,555	\$	-	\$	2,344,697	12.52%
2015		314,534		314,534		-		2,432,593	12.93%
2016		303,998		303,998		-		2,404,558	12.64%
2017		308,253		308,253		-		2,609,916	11.81%
2018		326,426		326,426		-		2,717,789	12.01%
2019		433,044		433,044		-		2,824,810	15.33%
2020		451,620		451,620		-		2,936,410	15.38%
2021		474,917		474,917		-		3,032,677	15.66%

Note: 10-year historical trend information is being developed prospectively and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date:

Benefit Changes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, thirteen (13) months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	26 Years
Asset Valuation Method	10 Year Smoothed Market; 12% Soft Corridor
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.5% including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014-2018.
Mortality	Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Other Information	

(increasing the City's match)

2019: Employee contributioms were increased from 6% to 7%

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES - TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY LAST FOUR PLAN YEARS

Total OPEB Liability

	100	II OI LD LIA	Omty					
		2017	2018		018 2019		2020	
Service Cost	\$	4,698	\$	5,436	\$	5,085	\$	7,635
Interest (on the Total OPEB Liability)		4,433		4,546		4,814		4,533
Changes of Benefit Terms		_		-		_		-
Difference between Expected								
and Actual Experience		_		(6,495)		(3,373)		(6,740)
Change of Assumptions		11,369		(10,062)		28,293		27,033
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of								
Employee Contributions		(783)		(815)		(847)		(1,175)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		19,717		(7,390)		33,972		31,286
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		115,306		135,023		127,633		161,605
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	135,023	\$	127,633	\$	161,605	\$	192,891
Covered- Employee Payroll	\$	2,609,916	\$	2,717,789	\$	2,824,810	\$	2,936,408
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage								
of Covered-Employee Payroll		5.17%		4.70%		5.72%		6.57%

No assets are held in a trust to fund this benefit.

Actuarial Assumptions

100 dati idi 1155 dilipulolis	
Inflation	2.5% per year
Overall Payroll Growth	3.5 to 11.5% per year, including inflation
Discount Rate	2.00%
Administrative Expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality Rates - Service Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Mortality Rates - Disabled Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

Information for this schedule is being accumulated until 10-years are presented.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedule include:

- Comparative Statements Police Forfeiture
- Comparative Statements General Fund
- Comparative Statements Debt Service Fund
- Comparative Statements Capital Projects Fund
- Comparative Statements Equipment Replacement Fund

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - POLICE FORFEITURE DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

		2021	 2020
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	537,478	\$ 64,287
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	537,478	\$ 64,287
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	1		
Fund Balance:			
Restricted for Police Department		537,478	64,287
Total Fund Balance		537,478	64,287
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND			
FUND BALANCE	\$	537,478	\$ 64.287

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - POLICE FORFEITURE FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021	2020
REVENUES		
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 482,093	\$ 5,921
TOTAL REVENUES	482,093	5,921
EXPENDITURES		
Police Department	8,902	41,437
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,902	41,437
Net Change in Fund Balance	473,191	(35,516)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	64,287	99,803
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 537,478	\$ 64,287

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - GENERAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021		2020		
ASSETS			<u> </u>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,089,962	\$	3,679,089	
Receivables:					
Property Tax (net of uncollectibles)		3,234,821		2,428,446	
Sales Tax and Franchise Taxes Receivables		137,533		118,999	
Prepaid Items		30,432		28,708	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,492,748	\$	6,255,242	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$	30,518	\$	43,860	
Accrued Vacation Payable		145,460		154,159	
Total Liabilities		175,978		198,019	
Deferred Inflows:					
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue		827,201		820,964	
Total Deferred Inflows		827,201		820,964	
Fund Balance:					
Nonspendable Prepaid Items		30,432		28,708	
Unassigned		5,459,137		5,207,551	
Total Fund Balance		5,489,569		5,236,259	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED					
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE	\$	6,492,748	\$	6,255,242	

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021		2020		
REVENUES					
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	5,213,936	\$	5,059,826	
Sales Tax		404,082		362,606	
Franchise Taxes		432,083		396,917	
Charges for Services		503,905		529,542	
Fines and Forfeitures		9,294		6,070	
Other		37,550		30,127	
TOTAL REVENUES		6,600,850		6,385,088	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government		1,044,045		960,424	
Police Department		1,357,594		1,229,356	
Fire Department		1,378,587		1,301,530	
Development and Public Works		1,127,918		1,112,279	
Administration		381,611		411,254	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,289,755		5,014,843	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,311,095		1,370,245	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of Capital Assets		1,215		_	
Transfers Out		(1,059,000)		(509,000)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		_			
SOURCES(USES)		(1,057,785)		(509,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		253,310		861,245	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		5,236,259		4,375,014	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	5,489,569	\$	5,236,259	

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - DEBT SERVICE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021		2020		
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	349,736	\$	501,632	
Property Taxes Receivable (net of uncollectibles)		452,229		340,845	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	801,965	\$	842,477	
DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE					
Deferred Inflows:					
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	\$	114,618	\$	114,323	
Total Deferred Inflows		114,618		114,323	
Fund Balance					
Restricted for Debt Service		687,347		728,154	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
DEFERRED INFLOWS	\$	801,965	\$	842,477	

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR 2020)

			Variance			
	Budget Amounts		2021	With Final	2020	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	Actual	
REVENUES						
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 766,520	\$ 766,520	\$ 726,463	\$ (40,057)	\$ 710,278	
TOTAL REVENUES	766,520	766,520	726,463	(40,057)	710,278	
EXPENDITURES						
Principal	550,000	550,000	550,000	-	465,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	216,520	216,520	217,270	(750)	233,506	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	766,520	766,520	767,270	(750)	698,506	
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	-	(40,807)	(40,807)	11,772	
•				, ,		
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	728,154	728,154	728,154	-	716,382	
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 728,154	\$ 728,154	\$ 687,347	\$ (40,807)	\$ 728,154	

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021		2020		
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,697,000	\$	1,728,469	
Sales Taxes Receivable		14,345		14,959	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,711,345	\$	1,743,428	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$		\$	29,039	
Total Liabilities				29,039	
Fund Balance:					
Committed for Street Improvements		1,711,345		1,714,389	
Total Fund Balance		1,711,345		1,714,389	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
FUND BALANCE	\$	1,711,345	\$	1,743,428	

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021		2020	
REVENUES	-			
Street Sales Tax	\$	101,020	\$	90,651
TOTAL REVENUES		101,020		90,651
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay		1,004,064		266,512
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,004,064		266,512
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures		(903,044)		(175,861)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In		900,000		350,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES(USES)		900,000		350,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,044)		174,139
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		1,714,389		1,540,250
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	1,711,345	\$	1,714,389

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021		2020	
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,444,938		1,344,948
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,444,938	\$	1,344,948
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Fund Balance:				
Committed for Equipment Replacement		1,444,938		1,344,948
Total Fund Balance		1,444,938		1,344,948
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCE	\$	1,444,938	\$	1,344,948

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021	2020
REVENUES	\$ <u>-</u>	\$
EXPENDITURES		
Capital Outlay	 99,035	 148,508
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	99,035	 148,508
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)		
Expenditures	(99,035)	 (148,508)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Sale of Capital Assets	40,025	34,660
Transfers In	 159,000	 159,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	 <u> </u>	_
SOURCES(USES)	 199,025	 193,660
Net Change in Fund Balance	99,990	45,152
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 1,344,948	 1,299,796
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,444,938	\$ 1,344,948



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Terrell Hills' comprehensive annual financial report represents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends - Tables 1 through 4

Net Position by Component Change in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

These schedules contain trend information to help reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - Tables 5 through 9

Tax Revenue by Source, Governmental Funds Assessed Value and Actual Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

<u>Debt Capacity – Tables 10 through 13</u>

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Ratios of General Bonded Debt
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
Debt Margin Information

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information – Tables 14 and 15

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Principal Employers

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand how the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

Operating Information (Tables 16 through 18)

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Operating Indicators by Function/Program Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year 2012 2013 2014 2015 Governmental Activities: Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 5,546,721 \$ 5,683,040 \$ 5,783,091 \$ 7,049,113 Restricted 649,871 829,050 820,845 794,545 Unrestricted 6,322,988 6,269,075 6,229,590 4,115,541 Total Governmental Activities Net Position \$ 12,519,580 \$ 12,833,526 \$ 11,959,199 \$ 12,781,165 Primary Government: Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 5,546,721 \$ 5,683,040 \$ 5,783,091 \$ 7,049,113 Restricted 649,871 829,050 820,845 794,545 Unrestricted 6,322,988 6,269,075 6,229,590 4,115,541 Total Primary Government Net Position \$ 12,833,526 \$ 11,959,199 \$ 12,519,580 \$ 12,781,165

^{*}Note:

GASB Statement No. 68 has been prospectively implemented beginning in fiscal year 2015. GASB Statement No. 75 has been prospectively implemented beginning in fiscal year 2018.

TABLE 1

Fiscal Year

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 6,501,017 782,137 4,731,461	\$ 6,856,720 727,132 4,855,438	\$ 6,535,717 829,322 5,432,539	\$ 5,882,491 835,285 5,814,942	\$ 5,676,222 811,964 6,853,400	\$ 6,163,201 1,249,226 7,357,686
\$ 12,014,615	\$ 12,439,290	\$ 12,797,578	\$ 12,797,578	\$13,341,586	\$ 14,770,113
\$ 6,501,017 782,137 4,731,461	\$ 6,856,720 727,132 4,855,438	\$ 6,535,717 829,322 5,432,539	\$ 5,882,491 835,285 5,814,942	\$ 5,676,222 811,964 6,853,400	\$ 6,163,201 1,249,226 7,357,686
\$ 12,014,615	\$ 12,439,290	\$ 12,797,578	\$ 12,532,718	\$13,341,586	\$ 14,770,113

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	
Expenses					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 812,325	\$ 879,328	\$ 917,083	\$ 923,164	
Police Department	1,078,398	1,053,576	1,165,805	1,245,289	
Fire Department	943,061	1,105,760	1,112,167	1,134,588	
Development and Public Works	1,447,636	1,522,260	1,602,510	1,572,481	
Administration	279,390	353,811	355,950	373,149	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	359,862	447,527	339,269	334,802	
Total Governmental Activities					
Expenses	4,920,672	5,362,262	5,492,784	5,583,473	
Program Revenues					
Governmental Activities:					
Charges for Services	173,927	248,206	285,875	280,393	
Operating Grants and Contributions	7,977	143,138	6,103	2,770	
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	-	-	-	
Total Governmental Activities					
Program Revenues	181,904	391,344	291,978	283,163	
Net (Expenses) Revenue					
Governmental Activities	(4,738,768)	(4,970,918)	(5,200,806)	(5,300,310)	
Total Primary Government Net Expenses	\$ (4,738,768)	\$ (4,970,918)	\$ (5,200,806)	\$ (5,300,310)	
Governmental Revenues and Other					
Changes in Net Position					
Governmental Activities:					
Taxes:					
General Property Taxes	\$ 4,305,085	\$ 4,332,587	\$ 4,519,059	\$ 4,628,850	
Franchise Taxes	350,681	342,699	460,832	472,875	
Sales Taxes	250,432	213,546	242,959	278,993	
Interest and Investment Earnings	34,822	13,644	10,700	6,697	
Miscellaneous	320,840	330,027	19,617	29,982	
Total Governmental Activities	5,261,860	5,232,503	5,253,167	5,417,397	
Total Primary Government	\$ 5,261,860	\$ 5,232,503	\$ 5,253,167	\$ 5,417,397	
Changes In Net Position					
Government Activities	\$ 523,092	\$ 261,585	\$ 52,361	\$ 117,087	
Total Primary Government	\$ 523,092	\$ 261,585	\$ 52,361	\$ 117,087	

^{*}Note:

GASB Statement No. 68 has been prospectively implemented beginning in fiscal year 2015. GASB Statement No. 75 has been prospectively implemented beginning in fiscal year 2018.

LE 2

Fiscal Year					
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
2010	2017	2010	2017		
\$ 1,080,866	\$ 952,370	\$ 984,610	\$ 961,543	\$ 1,002,940	\$ 1,054,135
1,261,403	1,277,882	1,246,087	1,589,983	1,348,265	1,351,156
1,159,771	1,258,681	1,239,810	1,662,432	1,377,123	1,360,151
1,656,655	1,782,424	1,934,539	2,216,265	2,023,737	2,021,428
399,893	393,786	462,217	589,767	524,433	495,781
379,680	282,042	272,282	263,237	254,094	234,355
5,938,268	5,947,185	6,139,545	7,283,227	6,530,592	6,517,006
325,779	335,299	320,389	425,657	535,612	513,199
32,933	19,804	119,630	13,636	5,921	482,093
		-			-
358,712	355,103	440,019	439,293	541,533	995,292
(5,579,556)	(5,592,082)	(5,699,526)	(6,843,934)	(5,989,059)	(5,521,714)
\$ (5,579,556)	\$ (5,592,082)	\$ (5,699,526)	\$ (6,843,934)	\$ (5,989,059)	\$ (5,521,714)
\$ 4,831,167	\$ 5,149,850	\$ 5,301,071	\$ 5,661,706	\$ 5,757,903	\$ 5,946,932
466,525	469,074	473,990	448,533	396,917	432,083
300,735	364,435	342,795	387,631	453,257	505,102
7,681	9,188	29,921	38,004	8,057	2,808
28,864	24,210	24,567	43,200	181,793	63,316
5,634,972	6,016,757	6,172,344	6,579,074	6,797,927	6,950,241
\$ 5,634,972	\$ 6,016,757	\$ 6,172,344	\$ 6,579,074	\$ 6,797,927	\$ 6,950,241
	<u></u>				

 472,818
 \$ (264,860)
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 472,818
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\$ 1,428,527

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424,675 424,675

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCALYEARS

	Fiscal Year						
		2012		2013	2014		2015
General Fund							
Nonspendable	\$	35,026	\$	40,748	\$ 14,159	\$	109,303
Restricted		-		168,334	138,935		93,247
Unassigned		3,648,711		3,712,919	 3,551,652		3,654,018
Total General Fund	\$	3,683,737	\$	3,922,001	\$ 3,704,746	\$	3,856,568
All Other Governmental Funds							
Reported In:							
Capital Project Funds	\$	2,176,345	\$	2,130,291	\$ 2,235,041	\$	862,536
Debt Service Funds		674,576		679,046	695,330		715,522
Special Revenue Funds					 		
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	2,850,921	\$	2,809,337	\$ 2,930,371	\$	1,578,058

TABLE 3

T7.	T 7
Fiscal	Vear

	Fiscal Year					
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
\$ - 78,516	\$ 24,864	\$ 23,734	\$ -	\$ 28,708	\$ 30,432	
3,887,883	4,617,565	4,938,848	4,375,014	5,207,551	5,459,137	
\$ 3,966,399	\$ 4,642,429	\$ 4,962,582	\$ 4,375,014	\$ 5,236,259	\$ 5,489,569	
\$ 1,384,819 701,280	\$ 916,574 740,634 5,112	\$ 1,093,387 721,060 102,873	\$ 2,840,046 716,382 99,803	\$ 3,059,337 728,154 64,287	\$ 3,156,283 687,347 537,478	
\$ 2,086,099	\$ 1,662,320	\$ 1,917,320	\$ 3,656,231	\$ 3,851,778	\$ 4,381,108	

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	
REVENUES					
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 4,328,325	\$ 4,299,223	\$ 4,470,885	\$ 4,616,599	
Sales Taxes	250,432	213,546	242,959	278,993	
Franchise Taxes	350,681	342,699	460,832	472,875	
Charges for Services	160,066	222,578	264,302	262,282	
Fines and Forfeitures	20,452	166,446	27,476	18,111	
Other	357,052	340,157	26,588	22,583	
TOTAL REVENUES	5,467,008	5,584,649	5,493,042	5,671,443	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	800,471	857,740	895,495	879,357	
Police Department	1,042,285	1,014,750	1,121,361	1,204,765	
Fire Department	928,254	1,089,287	1,084,238	1,111,505	
Development and Public Works	907,610	851,103	900,037	870,256	
Administration	268,734	284,339	240,793	284,504	
Capital Projects/Outlay	5,843,547	522,377	588,298	1,771,614	
Debt Service:					
Principal	3,020,000	430,000	430,000	430,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	435,580	344,208	340,846	336,803	
Bond Issue Costs					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	13,246,481	5,393,804	5,601,068	6,888,804	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,779,473)	190,845	(108,026)	(1,217,361)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
(USES)					
Issuance of Bonded Debt	2,700,000	-	_	-	
Premium From Issuance of Debt	-	-	-	-	
Sales of Capital Assets	-	5,835	11,805	16,870	
Payments to Refunding Escrow Agent	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	2,700,000	5,835	11,805	16,870	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (5,079,473)	\$ 196,680	\$ (96,221)	\$ (1,200,491)	
Debt Service Expenditures as a Percent					
of Non-capital expenditures	46.7%	15.9%	15.4%	15.0%	

TABLE 4

Fiscal Year

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 4,817,404	\$ 5,282,410	\$ 5,130,583	\$ 5,508,442	\$ 5,770,104	\$ 5,940,399
300,735	364,435	342,794	387,632	453,257	505,102
466,525	469,074	473,990	448,533	396,917	432,083
304,376	321,116	302,390	405,108	529,542	503,905
53,336	33,687	137,628	34,186	11,991	491,387
23,209	22,684	51,919	81,206	155,191	61,677
5,965,585	6,493,406	6,439,304	6,865,107	7,317,002	7,934,553
969,681	902,474	972,348	964,201	993,378	1,044,045
1,196,053	1,206,756	1,220,777	1,241,081	1,313,893	1,366,496
1,104,535	1,190,751	1,207,977	1,298,280	1,350,540	1,364,806
819,902	960,681	1,010,601	1,084,182	1,112,279	1,112,088
371,934	304,965	359,974	381,606	411,254	400,988
146,020	1,004,339	381,985	39,868	415,020	1,137,460
435,000	435,000	460,000	460,000	465,000	550,000
184,776	272,858	253,059	244,546	233,506	217,270
86,158	- -	-	-	- -	-
5,314,059	6,277,824	5,866,721	5,713,764	6,294,870	7,193,153
651,526	215,582	572,583	1,151,343	1,022,132	741,400
7,375,000	-	-	-	-	-
578,561	-	-	-	-	-
27,055	36,669	2,570	-	34,660	41,240
(8,014,270)					
(33,654)	36,669	2,570		34,660	41,240
\$ 617,872	\$ 252,251	\$ 575,153	\$ 1,151,343	\$ 1,056,792	\$ 782,640
13.7%	13.4%	13.0%	12.4%	11.9%	12.7%

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 5

Fiscal				
Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Franchise Tax	Total
2012	\$ 4,328,325	\$ 250,432	\$ 350,681	\$ 4,929,438
2013	4,299,223	213,546	342,699	4,855,468
2014	4,470,885	242,959	460,832	5,174,676
2015	4,616,599	278,993	472,875	5,368,467
2016	4,817,404	300,735	466,525	5,584,664
2017	5,282,410	364,435	469,074	6,115,919
2018	5,130,583	342,794	473,990	5,947,367
2019	5,508,442	387,632	448,533	6,344,607
2020	5,770,104	453,257	529,542	6,752,903
2021	5,940,399	505,102	432,083	6,877,584
2019 2020	5,508,442 5,770,104	387,632 453,257	448,533 529,542	6,344,607 6,752,903

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 6

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value*	Total Direct Tax Rate
2012	\$ 1,093,517,790	\$ 32,236,926	\$ 12,349,128	\$ 1,113,405,588	0.385068
2013	1,142,099,938	32,411,510	13,559,113	1,160,952,335	0.371729
2014	1,192,902,448	34,407,918	14,165,923	1,213,144,443	0.370525
2015	1,348,575,687	37,552,394	52,682,797	1,333,445,284	0.345906
2016	1,413,951,625	38,961,001	36,260,166	1,416,652,460	0.339538
2017	1,468,772,385	43,427,803	38,057,415	1,474,142,773	0.347673
2018	1,512,481,536	43,322,224	34,812,569	1,520,991,191	0.347673
2019	1,529,138,696	42,652,916	26,263,387	1,545,528,225	0.365000
2020	1,560,808,509	47,068,010	31,645,567	1,576,230,952	0.365000
2021	1,610,774,512	47,732,909	40,641,736	1,617,865,685	0.365000

Source: Bexar Appraisal District.

^{*} Total Taxable Assessed Value and Total Estimated Actual Value of taxable property is the same.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 7

,	City Direct Rates							
Fiscal Period	General M&O	Debt Service	Total Direct					
2012	0.314488	0.070580	0.385068					
2013	0.304120	0.067609	0.371729					
2014	0.305814	0.064711	0.370525					
2015	0.287736	0.058170	0.345906					
2016	0.284670	0.054868	0.339538					
2017	0.299253	0.048420	0.347673					
2018	0.300656	0.047017	0.347673					
2019	0.319823	0.045177	0.365000					

0.319918 0.045082

0.044888

0.320112

Overlapping Rates

i				11 0			
	Alamo		Bexar	San Antonio	University	Alamo	
Fiscal	Heights	Bexar	County	River	Health	Community	Total
Period	ISD	County	Flood	Authority	System	College	Overlapping
2012	1.218000	0.296187	0.030679	0.017370	0.276235	0.149150	1.987621
2013	1.218000	0.296187	0.030679	0.017798	0.276235	0.149150	1.988049
2014	1.205000	0.283821	0.030679	0.017500	0.276235	0.149150	1.962385
2015	1.195000	0.297500	0.017000	0.017290	0.276235	0.149150	1.952175
2016	1.195000	0.293250	0.015700	0.017290	0.276235	0.149150	1.946625
2017	1.195000	0.291229	0.012868	0.017290	0.276235	0.149150	1.941772
2018	1.255000	0.277429	0.023668	0.018580	0.276235	0.149150	2.000062
2019	1.195000	0.277429	0.023668	0.018580	0.276235	0.149150	1.940062
2019	1.196400	0.276331	0.023668	0.018580	0.276235	0.149150	1.940364

0.365000 0.365000

Source: Bexar County Tax Office

2020

2021

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

TABLE 8

	2021				2012			
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Taxa Asses Valı	sed	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Michael & Candaga Humphraya	\$ 10.00	0,000	1	0.62%	\$	10,000,000	1	0.90%
Michael & Candace Humphreys Thomas Moorman		8,750	2	0.02%	Ф	4,286,240	4	0.38%
Edward Jr & Linda Whitacre	-	3,512	3	0.40%		5,007,750	2	0.38%
Berkley & Bonnie Dawson	-	8,000	4	0.34%		4,920,780	3	0.43%
Otterby Real Estate Trust		0,000	5	0.34%		4,920,760	3	0.4470
		6,500	6	0.32%		3,750,000	7	0.34%
Richard and Mary Azar Nicolas & Aliece Hollis	-	-	_					
THE CLUB OF TIME OF THE ME	-	5,000	7	0.31%		3,371,885	10	0.30%
Aaron McKee		9,230	8	0.29%		2 000 700		0.240/
Patricia Cerisola	-	0,000	9	0.27%		3,800,580	6	0.34%
George Scott Ames	4,21	0,515	10	0.26%				
Patrick Condon				0.00%		3,842,860	5	0.35%
John and Laura Zachry				0.00%		3,725,000	8	0.33%
Barry Roberts				0.00%		3,667,960	9	0.33%
Total	\$ 56,15	1,507		3.47%	\$	46,373,055	ı	4.16%
Taxable Value of	1,617,86	5,685			1,	113,405,588		

Source: Bexar County Appraisal District

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 9

Fiscal		Collected v	vithin the			
Year	Taxes Levied	Fiscal Year o	of the Levy	Collections	Total Collecti	ons to Date
Ended	for the		Percentage	In Subsequent		Percentage
December 31,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2012	\$ 4,287,463	\$ 2,317,228	54.0%	\$ 1,969,751	\$ 4,286,979	100.0%
2013	4,315,361	2,459,215	57.0%	1,846,210	4,305,425	99.8%
2014	4,498,597	2,698,610	60.0%	1,795,662	4,494,272	99.9%
2015	4,613,824	2,755,466	59.7%	1,862,861	4,618,327	100.1%
2016	4,808,449	2,715,502	56.5%	2,081,574	4,797,076	99.8%
2017	5,126,112	3,149,334	61.4%	1,957,183	5,106,517	99.6%
2018	5,288,123	2,959,961	56.0%	2,309,988	5,269,949	99.7%
2019	5,641,215	3,086,466	54.7%	2,517,215	5,603,681	99.3%
2020	5,737,091	3,110,063	54.2%	2,570,620	5,680,683	99.0%
2021	5,905,241	2,364,503	40.0%	-	2,364,503	40.0%

Source: Bexar County Tax Assessor Collector and City of Terrell Hills.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 10

Governmental Activities

		Activities		_			
	General	Certificates			Total	Percentage of	
Fiscal	Obligation	of	Capital	Unamortized	Primary	Personal	Per
Year	Bonds	Obligation	Leases	Premiums	Government	Income**	Capita*
2012	\$ 10,645,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$10,645,000	2.6%	\$ 2,130
2013	10,215,000	-	-	-	10,215,000	2.7%	2,072
2014	9,785,000	-	-	-	9,785,000	2.5%	1,971
2015	9,355,000	-	-	-	9,355,000	2.3%	1,794
2016	9,195,000	-	-	578,561	9,773,561	2.3%	1,849
2017	8,760,000	-	-	511,582	9,271,582	1.9%	1,786
2018	8,300,000	-	-	448,129	8,748,129	1.9%	1,667
2019	7,840,000	-	-	384,676	8,224,676	1.7%	1,516
2020	7,375,000	-	-	321,223	7,696,223	1.8%	1,413
2021	6,825,000	-	-	260,837	7,085,837	1.8%	1,405

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*}Population used for Per Capita column taken from table 14.

^{**}Personal Income taken from multiplying per capita personal income by population on table 14.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 11

						Percentage	
	General Bor	nded Debt	Available	Net	Actual	of Actual	
	General	Certificates	in Debt	General	Taxable	Taxable	
Fiscal	Obligation	of	Service	Bonded	Value of	Value of	Per
Year	Bonds	Obligation	 Funds	Debt Propert		Property	Capita*
2012	\$ 10,645,000	\$ -	\$ (674,576)	\$ 9,970,424	\$ 1,113,405,588	0.90%	\$1,995
2013	10,215,000	-	(679,046)	9,535,954	1,160,952,335	0.82%	1,935
2014	9,785,000	-	(695,330)	9,089,670	1,213,144,443	0.75%	1,831
2015	9,355,000	-	(701,298)	8,653,702	1,333,445,284	0.65%	1,660
2016	9,195,000	-	(703,621)	8,491,379	1,416,652,460	0.60%	1,606
2017	8,760,000	-	(722,020)	8,037,980	1,474,142,773	0.55%	1,549
2018	8,300,000	-	(726,449)	7,573,551	1,520,991,191	0.50%	1,443
2019	7,840,000	-	(735,482)	7,104,518	1,545,528,225	0.46%	1,310
2020	7,375,000	-	(747,677)	6,627,323	1,576,230,952	0.42%	1,217
2021	6,825,000	-	(711,748)	6,113,252	1,617,865,685	0.38%	1,212

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*}Population used for Per Capita column taken from table 14.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2021

TABLE 12

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable*	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:			
Alamo CCD	\$ 578,325,000	0.94%	\$ 5,436,255
Alamo Heights ISD	182,780,000	17.73%	32,406,894
Bexar County	1,896,160,000	0.94%	17,823,904
Bexar County Hospital District	902,130,000	0.94%	8,480,022
North East ISD	1,328,420,000	0.39%	5,180,838
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt	69,327,913		
City Governmental Activities Direct Debt	6,825,000		
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DE	\$ 76,152,913		

Source: The overlapping debt was received from the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the Name of Government. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 13

Taxable Value		\$ 1	,617,865,685
Debt Limit - 10% of taxable value		\$	161,786,569
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:			
Total Bonded Debt	\$	6,825,000	
Resources available in Debt Service Fund		711,748	
Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Lin	nit		(6,113,252)
Legal Debt Margin		\$	155,673,317
Total Net Debt as a Percentage of Debt Man	rgin		3.93%
		Fiscal Year	
	2018	2019	2020
Debt Limit	\$ 152,099,119	\$ 154,552,823	\$ 157,623,095
Total net debt applicable to limit	(7,573,551)	(7,489,194)	(6,948,546)
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 144,525,568	\$ 147,063,629	\$ 150,674,549
Total Net Debt as a Percentage of Debt Margin	5.24%	5.09%	4.61%
		Fiscal Year	
	2015	2016	2017
Debt Limit	\$ 133,344,528	\$ 141,665,246	\$ 147,414,277
Total net debt applicable to limit	(8,653,702)	(9,069,940)	(8,549,562)
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 124,690,826	\$ 132,595,306	\$ 138,864,715
Total Net Debt as a Percentage of Debt Margin	6.94%	6.84%	6.16%
		Fiscal Year	
	2012	2013	2014
Debt Limit	\$ 111,340,559	\$ 116,095,234	\$ 121,314,444
Total net debt applicable to limit	(9,970,424)	(9,535,954)	(9,089,670)
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 101,370,135	\$ 106,559,280	\$ 112,224,774
Total Net Debt as a Percentage of Debt Margin	9.84%	8.95%	8.10%

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 14

Year	Population_	Personal Income	P	r Capita ersonal ncome	Unemployment Rate
2012	4,998	411,300,414	\$	82,293	5.7%
2013	4,929	376,905,843		76,467	5.3%
2014	4,964	386,819,700		77,925	3.8%
2015	5,214	413,334,636		79,274	3.5%
2016	5,287	430,869,352		81,496	3.7%
2017	5,190	493,460,010		95,079	3.0%
2018	5,248	457,410,432		87,159	3.2%
2019	5,425	479,119,725		88,317	2.1%
2020	5,447	428,117,859		78,597	6.4%
2021	5,045	396,521,865		78,597	3.7%

Population and personal income information obtained from the U.S Census Bureau. Unemployment rate obtained from the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the City of San Antonio metropolitan area.

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

TABLE 15

		2021			2012	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total City			of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Joint Base San Antonio	73,707	1	6.56%	100,578	1	7.38%
HEB Food Stores	22,000	2	1.96%	14,588	3	1.07%
USAA	19,400	3	1.73%	15,000	2	1.10%
Northside ISD	13,498	4	1.20%	12,751	4	0.93%
City of San Antonio	11,185	5	0.99%	9,145	6	0.67%
Methodist Healthcare	9,620	6	0.86%	7,747	7	0.56%
North East ISD	8,386	7	0.75%	10,522	5	0.77%
San Antonio ISD	7,338	8	0.65%	7,000	8	0.51%
Baptist Health Systems	6,383	9	0.57%			
JP Morgan Chase & Co.	5,152	10	0.46%			
Bill Miller Bar-B-Q				4,190	9	0.30%
Frost Bank				3,982	10	0.29%
Total	176,669		15.73%	185,503		13.58%

The City of Terrell Hills is surrounded by the City of San Antonio and no data is available for the employers in Terrell Hills. The above data is for San Antonio.

Source: Economic Development Foundation

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 16

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of December 31,

Fiscal Year Ending				Development	
December, 31	Administration	Police	Fire	Public Works	Total
2021	4	16	16	14	50
2020	4	16	16	15	51
2019	4	16	16	14	50
2018	4	16	16	17	53
2017	3	17	16	17	53
2016	3	17	16	15	51
2015	3	17	16	15	51
2014	3	16	16	15	50
2013	5	16	16	15	52
2012	3	16	16	16	51

Source: City Adopted Budget Authorized Positions

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year			
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Government				
Building Permits Issued	847	1,038	955	891
Police				
CFS	2,345	2,299	2,392	2,588
Arrests	33	13	16	15
Traffic Violations	664	1,361	768	705
Traffic Citations	127	559	284	397
Accidents	44	48	52	50
Fire				
Emergency Responses	586	560	629	685
Number of Rescue/Other Responses	571	550	616	669
Non-emergency response/Service Calls	36	42	22	52
Number of Fire Responses	15	10	13	16
Number of Inspections	140	140	179	243
Number of Pre-Plan Inspections	66	66	68	68
Number of Training Classes Conducted	165	183	186	222

Source: City Departments

TABLE 17

Fiscal Year

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2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
1,043	944	762	780	1,202	995	
2,807	2,591	2,390	2,413	2,160	2,191	
19	23	21	12	14	18	
909	542	1,262	571	186	299	
371	166	421	145	6	25	
48	43	27	36	22	29	
667	725	672	725	462	525	
647	716	671	718	451	516	
60	78	76	49	47	49	
20	9	1	7	11	9	
157	223	182	164	76	84	
68	66	68	68	34	33	
247	283	348	208	192	222	

CITY OF TERRELL HILLS, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year					
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	
General Government						
Acreage	1.34	1.34	1.34	1.34	1.34	
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	
Administration						
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	
Vehicles	1	2	2	1	1	
Police						
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	
Patrol Units	9	7	6	7	7	
Fire						
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	
Vehicles	3	3	4	3	3	
Development Services & Public Works						
Streets (miles of paved)	32	32	32	32	32	
Number of Parks	1	1	1	1	1	
Vehicles	8	8	8	9	7	

Source: City Departments

Note: The City Hall, Police Department, and Fire Department all share one building.

Fiscal	Vear
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Fiscal Year						
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
1.34	1.34	1.34	1.34	1.34		
1	1	1	1	1		
1	1	1	1	1		
1	1	1	1	1		
1	1	1	1	1		
1	1	1	1	1		
9	9	10	6	6		
1	1	1	1	1		
3	3	3	3	4		
32	32	32	32	32		
1	1	1	1	1		
7	8	8	8	8		
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